



A [Tropical Birding](#) SET DEPARTURE tour

ECUADOR: Andes Introtour

Main tour: 18th – 25th June 2017

High Andes Extension: 25th – 27th June 2017



This spectacular male **Orange-breasted Fruiteater** at Mashpi was one of the birds of the trip

Tropical Birding Tour Leader: Jose Illanes

INTRODUCTION:

This tour is designed as an introduction to the avian marvels of the Andes of Ecuador, and therefore showcases the myriad of colorful birds found there, in addition to getting a healthy number of endemic birds, for which this part of northwest Ecuador is particularly rich in. The starting point of the tour was the nation's capital, Quito, from where we drove up higher into the Andes, to first bird the temperate forest within Yanacocha Reserve. As this site, at an elevation of around 11,150ft/3400m, was to be the highest one on the main tour, it brought us many species we were not to see again, like **Buff-breasted** and **Scarlet-bellied Mountain-Tanagers**, **Rufous Antpitta**, and the strange **Sword-billed Hummingbird**. A real surprise there was to be able to see a daytime **White-throated Screech-owl** too. Our next stop was the Tandayapa Valley, at lower altitude in the subtropics, where we saw **14 species of hummingbirds in ten**

minutes at **Tandayapa Bird Lodge** feeders, including the ever-popular **Booted Racket-tail**, and local specialties like **Violet-tailed Sylph**, **Western Emerald**, and **Purple-bibbed Whitetip**. Also in the same valley, we found **Grass-green Tanager**, **Plate-billed Mountain-Toucan**, **Toucan Barbet**, and the rare **Tanager Finch**. This tour dips into different altitudes each day, in order to gain different species of birds that are peculiar to the subtle changes in elevation. And so, after our day in the cloudforest, we dropped into the humid lowlands of Rio Silanche, where a different suite of birds awaited, and highlights included **Hook-billed Kite**, **Laughing Falcon**, **White-tailed and Black-throated Trogons**, **Broad-billed Motmot**, **Gray-and-gold and Golden-hooded Tanagers**, **Guayaquil Woodpecker**, and the rarely seen **Black-tipped Cotinga**. Our next site, Milpe, was in the foothills of the Andes, a little higher than we'd been at Silanche, but lower than the other sites visited before, and therefore, once again, offered plenty of new birds. Highlights there, were **Collared (Pale-mandibled) Araçari**, **Choco Toucan**, **Rufous Motmot**, **Rufous-throated Tanager**, **Red-headed Barbet**, **White-whiskered Puffbird**, **Lanceolated Monklet**, and **Choco Trogon**. The next day saw us a little higher up in much wetter forest at Mashpi, while this site offered us some species we'd previously seen, it also brought us some local species very hard to find elsewhere in the region, like **Orange-breasted Fruiteater**, **Indigo Flowerpiercer**, and **Glistening-green Tanager**, **Black-chinned Mountain**, and **Moss-backed Tanagers**. The hummingbird feeders at this site were also superb, as always, attracting **Velvet-purple Coronet** and **Empress Brilliant**, not only localized species, but incredibly beautiful too. For our last major stop on the main tour we returned to the cloudforest, and the very special private reserve Refugio Paz de Aves, where unique forest feeding stations allowed us to see **Dark-backed Wood-Quail**, and **Yellow-breasted and Chestnut-crowned Antpittas**. We also saw the dawn time displays of the **Andean Cock-of-the-rock** there too. On our return journey to Quito we made a short stop in some dry open country in Calacali, where we managed to add a handful of new birds to end the main tour, which included the stunning **Black-tailed Trainbearer**, colorful **Golden-rumped Euphonia**, and the scarce and very local **White-tailed Shrike-Tyrant**.



The following day we started the short **High Andes Extension**, which visited three sites, Antisana, Guango Lodge, and Papallacta. We started at Antisana National Park, a site above the treeline, where the paramo grasslands provided some of easiest birding of the entire tour, due to the open nature of the habitat. This is the best site in Ecuador for **Andean Condor**, and we saw these resting on a rock face, as well as **Carunculated Caracara**, **Black-faced Ibis**, **Andean Gull**, **Andean Lapwing**, and **Silvery Grebe**. Lunch at a small café in the park allowed us to view their hummingbird feeders, which drew in **Shining Sunbeam** and **Giant Hummingbird**. From there we moved to another set of feeders at Guango Lodge, set within temperate forest lower down, where we added **Collared Inca**, **Long-tailed Sylph**, **White-bellied Woodstar**, and **Tourmaline Sunangel** to the list and were reacquainted with **Sword-billed Hummingbird**. Our last stop of the extension was at Papallacta, the highest site of the entire trip, which brought us **Blue-mantled Thornbill**, **Ecuadorian Hillstar**, **Red-crested Cotinga**, and the rare **Red-rumped Bush-Tyrant**, before we returned to Ecuador's capital city for one final night.



TOUR SUMMARY: MAIN TOUR

Day 1 (of birding): Yanacocha to Tandayapa Bird Lodge

Most people on the tour arrived the day before, or earlier, and so this morning was the time when we all got to meet as a group together for the first time. Our first port of call was **Yanacocha Reserve**, an area of protected temperate forest, owned by an Ecuadorian NGO, the Jocotoco Foundation. The drive from the hotel took around 90 minutes, as we drove up and out of Ecuador's capital city, Quito, getting wonderful views down onto the city as we did so. We stopped well before the reserve though to pick up our first birds of the tour,

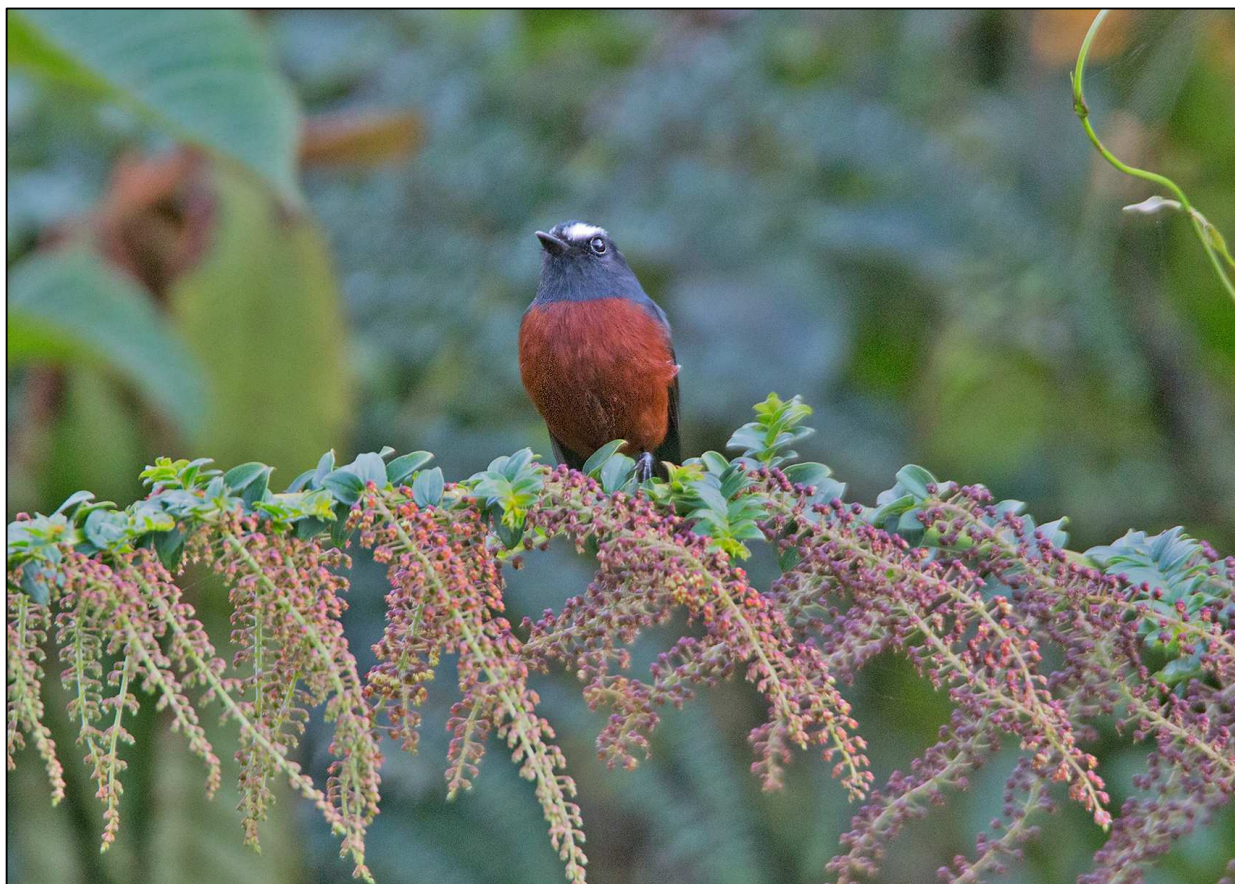
which included some spectacular openers, like **Scarlet-bellied** and **Buff-breasted Mountain-Tanagers**, **Red-crested Cotinga**, **Brown-bellied Swallow**, in addition to some less colorful fare, like **Crowned** and **Brown-backed Chat-Tyrants**, **Black Flowerpiercer**, and the aptly-named **Plain-colored Seedeater**. We also got our first raptors of the tour, with a flying **Aplomado Falcon** and a soaring **Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle**. All-in-all, this was a great start to the trip, considering we had not yet reached the main site!

On arriving at the reserve, there was no letup in the action though, as some new fruit feeders on site lured in **Scarlet-bellied** and **Black-chested Mountain-Tanagers** (*photo page 2 and 3 respectively*), **Yellow-breasted Brushfinch**, and an **Andean Guan**. Alongside the banana feeders, beside the reserve parking area, the hummingbird feeders had attendees of their own, which included one of the largest of the hummingbirds, **Great Sapphirewing**, as well as a tiny one too, **Tyrian Metaltail**, along with **Buff-winged Starfrontlet**, and **Shining Sunbeam**. Not all the birds at the hummingbird feeders were the intended species, as “nectar parasites”, like **Glossy** and **Masked Flowerpiercers** also came, and **Cinereous Conebill** featured in the same area too.



After we'd had a decent look at all the feeder birds, we hit the trail. Even though the altitude of 11,150ft/3400m is noticeable here, the flat trail made this relatively easy work for us, and we took it slow as we walked it. One of the classic birding experiences in the Andes, is to encounter a mixed species feeding flock, which were fortunate to do, as we walked the trail. This held birds like **Blue-backed Conebill**, **Streaked Tuftedcheek**, **Rufous Wren**, the absurdly named **Superciliaried Hemispingus**, and **White-throated** and **White-banded Tyrannulets**. The explosive calls of an **Ocellated Tapaculo** coming from the trailside led us to this smart, and often elusive bird, and another potential skulker, **Rufous Antpitta** also showed along there too. After a 2-mile

walk, we reached the centerpiece of the reserve, another set of hummingbird feeders, which are typically the liveliest ones in the reserve. This day was no different in this regard, bringing us additional species, not present at the earlier feeders, like **Sapphire-vented and Golden-breasted Pufflegs**, and the incredible **Sword-billed Hummingbird** at the feeders, which boasts the longest bill size of any bird, (relative to body size). After some feeder action, it was time to head back to the reserve entrance for lunch at their small local restaurant. The walk back was taken slowly though, and was far from quiet, as we managed to call in a nocturnal bird, **White-throated Screech-Owl** (*photo page before*) near an area where another Tropical Birding guide, Andres Vasquez had recently seen it! This was very unexpected, and not likely to be repeated any time soon! Other notable finds on our return journey included two stunning hummingbirds, **Rainbow-bearded and Purple-backed Thornbills**, **Hooded Mountain-Tanager**, and **Smoky Bush-Tyrant**, a subdued flycatcher.



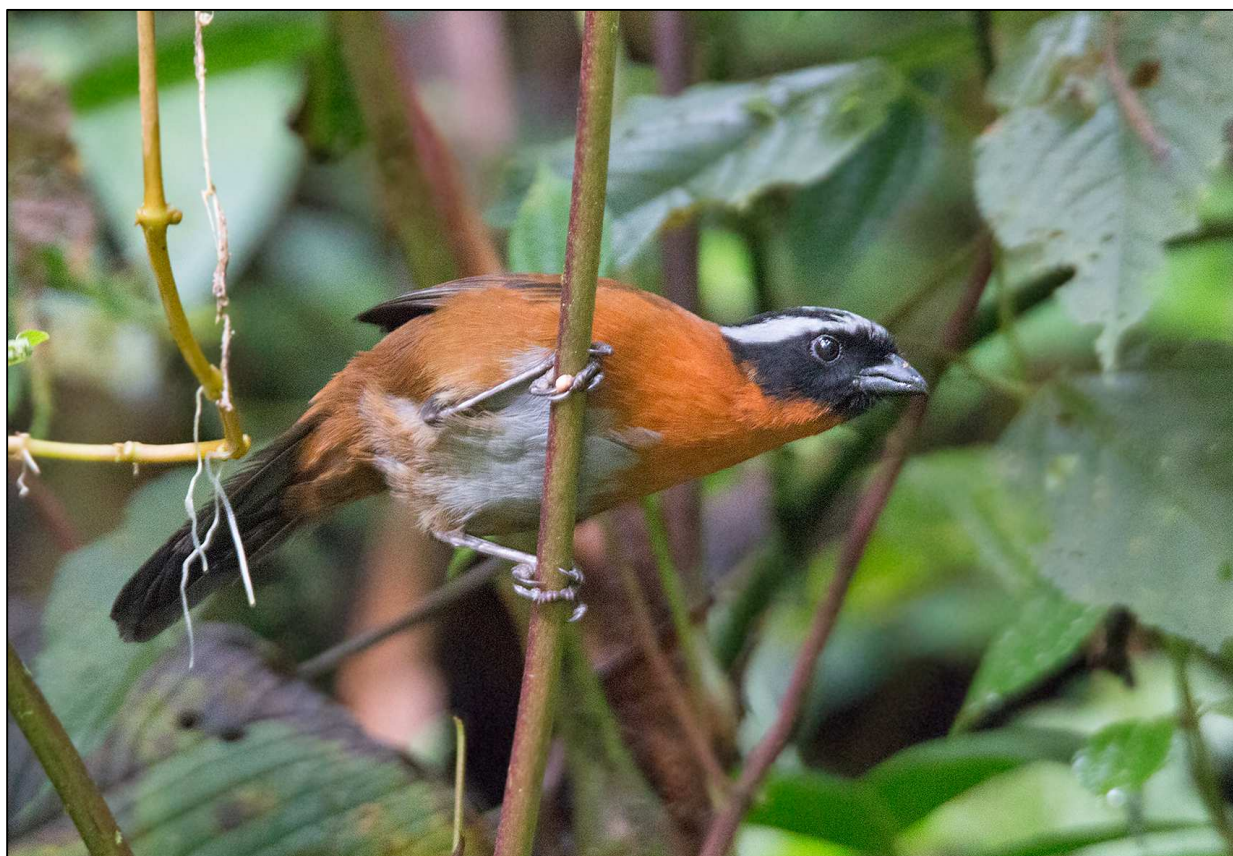
Following our hot lunch in the reserve, we set off for *Tandayapa Bird Lodge*, taking the remainder of the afternoon to get there, as we made multiple stops along the forested *Old Nono-Mindo Road*, a known birding site in its own right. The journey produced plentiful birds, such as **Spectacled Whitestart**, **White-crested Elaenia**, a **Plain-tailed Wren** skulking in the *chusquea* bamboo, **Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant** (*photo above*) singing from a creek-side, and a small mixed feeding flock with **Golden and Golden-naped Tanagers**, **Blue-winged Mountain-Tanager**, **Smoke-colored Pewee**, and **Cinnamon Flycatcher**. Just before we rolled into the lodge in the late afternoon, we also found the beautifully colored **Turquoise Jay**, and a female **Andean Cock-of-the-rock** coming into roost under the bridge in the *Tandayapa village*.

Day 2: Tandayapa Bird Lodge and the Tandayapa Valley



This day was spent entirely within the Tandayapa Valley, a place revered amongst world birders, as it is home to many bird species, and many stunning bird species at that. Our base for five nights of the tour was [Tandayapa Bird Lodge](#), located in the heart of this valley, and the place where our exploration of the area began. We started out, before dawn was yet fully risen, by walking to a forest blind, a short distance from the lodge. After dawn had come, a handful of birds came into to feed on the insects attracted to a nightlight alongside the blind. Although the list of birds attracted daily is not long, this does allow extraordinary close ups of some forest birds. On this day, this involved **Rufous Motmot**, **Zeledon's Antbird**, **Three-striped and Russet-crowned Warblers**, **White-throated Quail-Dove**, **Spotted Barbtail**, **Chestnut-capped Brushfinch**, and even the usually shy and very difficult, **Scaled Antpitta**. Typically, the blind was active in the very early morning, but the activity quickly died once the early birds had feasted on most of the insects. At this time, we made the short walk back to the lodge and took breakfast, while a group of other birds foraged in insects attracted to the lodge building in the night, like **Tricolored Brushfinch**, **Streak-capped Treehunter**, **Golden-crowned Flycatcher**, **Uniform Antshrike**, and a colorful endemic of the Chocó region, the outlandish **Toucan Barbet**. Our next focus was the feature that *Tandayapa Bird Lodge* is perhaps best known for, the *hummingbird feeders*. Right from the porch we admired 14 different species of hummingbirds coming and going from these, and involving hundreds of individuals. This was not a set of hummingbirds to be sniffed at either, with some real thrillers in there, like **Purple-bibbed Whitetip**, **Violet-tailed Sylph**, **Purple-throated**

Woodstar, and the cartoon-like **Booted Racket-tail**, always one of the most popular birds on this tour for good reason. The hummingbird tally was completed by **Buff-tailed Coronet**, **Green-crowned and Fawn-breasted Brilliants**, **Andean and Western Emeralds**, **Brown Inca**, **Rufous-tailed Hummingbird**, and **Lesser, Sparkling and Brown Violetears**. The rest of our morning was spent birding around the lodge, and on some of its trails, which brought us a pair of **Red-headed Barbets** chasing each other energetically, in addition to **Crimson-rumped Toucanet** (*photo page 6*), **Red-billed Parrot**, **Blue-winged Mountain-Tanager**, **Black-capped and White-winged Tanagers**, **White-winged Becard**, **Smoky-brown Woodpecker**, **Montane Woodcreeper**, **Lineated Foliage-Gleaner**, **Andean Solitaire**, **Masked Trogon**, **Marble-faced Bristle-Tyrant**, and the furtive **Nariño Tapaculo**, an inconspicuous endemic species to the region.



Our post lunch plan was to bird the *Upper Tandayapa Valley*, only some 4.5miles/7km above the lodge, and about 2000ft/600m higher in elevation. Although a small change in altitude, it is significant, and offered up some different species to that found right around the lodge. The journey there is normally straightforward, but an unseasonal landslide blocked the most direct route, and so we left right after lunch, so that we would get enough time there, in light of our unplanned extra journey time. Some of the most wanted birds in this region of Ecuador dwell in this area, and we were gifted two of these on this very afternoon, with a **Plate-billed Mountain-Toucan** feeding in a fruiting tree, and the rare **Tanager Finch** (*photo above*), which had been very difficult of late, and so especially pleasing to find. The area is also rich in mixed feeding flocks, which produced other birds like Beryl-spangled, **Grass-green**, and **Blue-and-black Tanagers**, **Dusky Chlorospingus**, **Pearled Treerunner**, **Flavescent Flycatcher**, **Black-crested Warbler**, **Turquoise Jay**, **Strong-billed Woodcreeper**, and **Green-and-black Fruiteater**. Keeping a lookout on some roadside shrubs

also led us to two different hummingbirds which rarely make it as low as the lodge, and so were new for the trip: the endemic **Gorgeted Sunangel**, and diminutive **Speckled Hummingbird**. As we drove back down towards the lodge, we encountered three different **Golden-headed Quetzals**, then near the lodge, we found a pair of **Lyre-tailed Nightjars** at dusk to round off a classic day in this incredibly bird rich part of the Andes.

Day 3: Rio Silanche

So far, we had covered two major altitudinal zones in the Andes, each with a distinct set of birds, the temperate zone at Yanacocha, and the subtropics around Tandayapa. Today we descended into the lowlands, and took our longest day trip from the lodge, to *Rio Silanche*, a 90-minute drive from our base. We took a breakfast in the field, and then set off birding along the entrance road into Rio Silanche Bird Sanctuary. Although much of this area has been cleared of forest, fragments remain, and these patches can be very birdy indeed. Making regular stops along the road led to sightings of **Silver-throated, Blue-necked, and Bay-headed Tanagers, Bronze-winged Parrot, Black-winged Saltator, Pacific Antwren, Pacific Parrotlet, Bay Wren, Maroon-tailed Parakeet, Yellow-tailed Oriole, Slaty and Red-faced Spinetails, Thick-billed Seedfinch, Plain-brown and Streak-headed Woodcreepers, Sooty-headed and Yellow-crowned Tyrannulets, Little Cuckoo**, and a couple of **Guayaquil Woodpeckers**. A stop initiated by the spotting of a **Striped Cuckoo**, ended up being even more fortuitous when we not only located the cuckoo again, but noticed a white bird flying towards us that turned out to be a male **Black-tipped Cotinga**, a very rare bird for this area in recent years. Bizarrely, this forest bird was seen perched in a palm plantation with only a few trees! With all of this action along the road in, we did not get to the reserve until near lunchtime, when we took our packed lunch up to the top of the small canopy tower, from which we spotted some stellar birds, like **Yellow-tufted and Blue Dacnises, Masked Tityra, Dot-winged Antwren, Lesser Greenlet, Choco Tyrannulet**, and **White-shouldered and Gray-and-gold Tanagers**, sitting in trees near the platform. Following our time on the tower, we went for a walk along one of the easygoing trails in the area, which then added the following birds to our list: **Black-throated and White-tailed Trogons, Broad-billed Motmot, Cinnamon and One-colored Becards, Lineated Woodpecker, White-bearded Manakin, Black-crowned Antshrike, Purple-crowned Fairy, and Blue-chested Hummingbird**. All too soon it was time to head back east to *Tandayapa*, but not before picking up **Hook-billed Kite, Bat and Laughing Falcons**, and **Long-tailed Tyrant** on the road out.

Day 4: Milpe and the Upper Tandayapa Valley

Today we dropped down from Tandayapa into the foothills of the Andes, where we visited *Milpe Bird Sanctuary* and *Milpe Garden*, both sister reserves managed by the Mindo Cloud Forest Foundation. First of all, we birded near the parking lot, where we found **Choco Toucan, Collared (Pale-mandibled) Araçari, Rufous Motmot, Chestnut-backed Antbird**, and at the hummingbird feeders we saw **Green Thorntail, Green-crowned Brilliant, White-necked Jacobin, Crowned Woodnymph, and White-whiskered Hermit**. Following this, we birded along the road nearby, and found **Yellow-throated (Chestnut-mandibled) Toucan, Choco Tyrannulet, Fawn-breasted and Rufous-throated Tanagers, Yellow-throated Chlorospingus, and Ruddy Pigeon**. The rest of the morning was spent walking some of the forest trails at Milpe, finding two scarcities in **Lanceolated Monklet** and **White-whiskered Puffbird**, in addition to a slew of other new birds for us, which included **Choco Warbler, Tawny-breasted, Slaty-capped and Ornate Flycatchers, Russet Antshrike, Buff-fronted and Scaly-throated Foliage-Gleaners, Wedge-billed and Spotted Woodcreepers,**

and **Ochre-breasted Tanager**. Lunch was taken in a local restaurant with bird feeders, in the nearby town of *Los Bancos*. The feeders were active during our visit, and right from the restaurant we enjoyed watching a procession of birds coming in, with **Silver-throated, Blue-gray, Palm and Golden Tanagers, Orange-bellied and Thick-billed Euphonias, Ecuadorian Thrush**, and **Orange-billed Sparrow** all featuring there. Following lunch, we decided to drive back to the lodge via a different route, driving up a forested back road from the tiny town of San Tadeo. This worked out well, as we added some other birds of the diverse subtropics that we had missed during our earlier time in the Upper Tandayapa Valley. This included **Dusky Chlorospingus, Montane Woodcreeper, Western (Black-eared) Hemispingus, Streak-headed Antbird**, and two spectacular woodpeckers, **Crimson-mantled and Powerful Woodpeckers**.



Day 5: Mashpi

Today we visited *Mashpi*, a site sitting somewhere between Milpe and Tandayapa in altitude, but the special nature of the wet forest in the area is home to a number of regional endemics that are either very difficult or impossible anywhere else in the area. The sheer quality of birds in this area was immediately obvious, when we were forced to stop before we had even reached the main birding spot, and quickly racked up **Black-chinned Mountain-Tanager, Beryl-spangled Tanager**, and **Scaled and Orange-breasted Fruiteaters**. Then, once we had arrived at the main birding spot along the road we added **Pacific Tuftedcheek, Cinnamon and Barred Becards, Olive-crowned Yellowthroat, Rufous-rumped Antwren, Rufous-throated Tanager**, and three further specialties of this site, **Indigo Flowerpiercer**, and **Moss-backed and Glistening-**

green Tanagers. Continuing along the road, this short walk also revealed **Green-fronted Lancebill**, **Black-striped Sparrow**, **Golden-winged and Club-winged Manakins**, and a nesting **Lyre-tailed Nightjar** (*photo below*) near the end of the walk. We also stopped in at the excellent *Amagusa Reserve*, a small privately-owned sanctuary, with both fruit and hummingbird feeders.

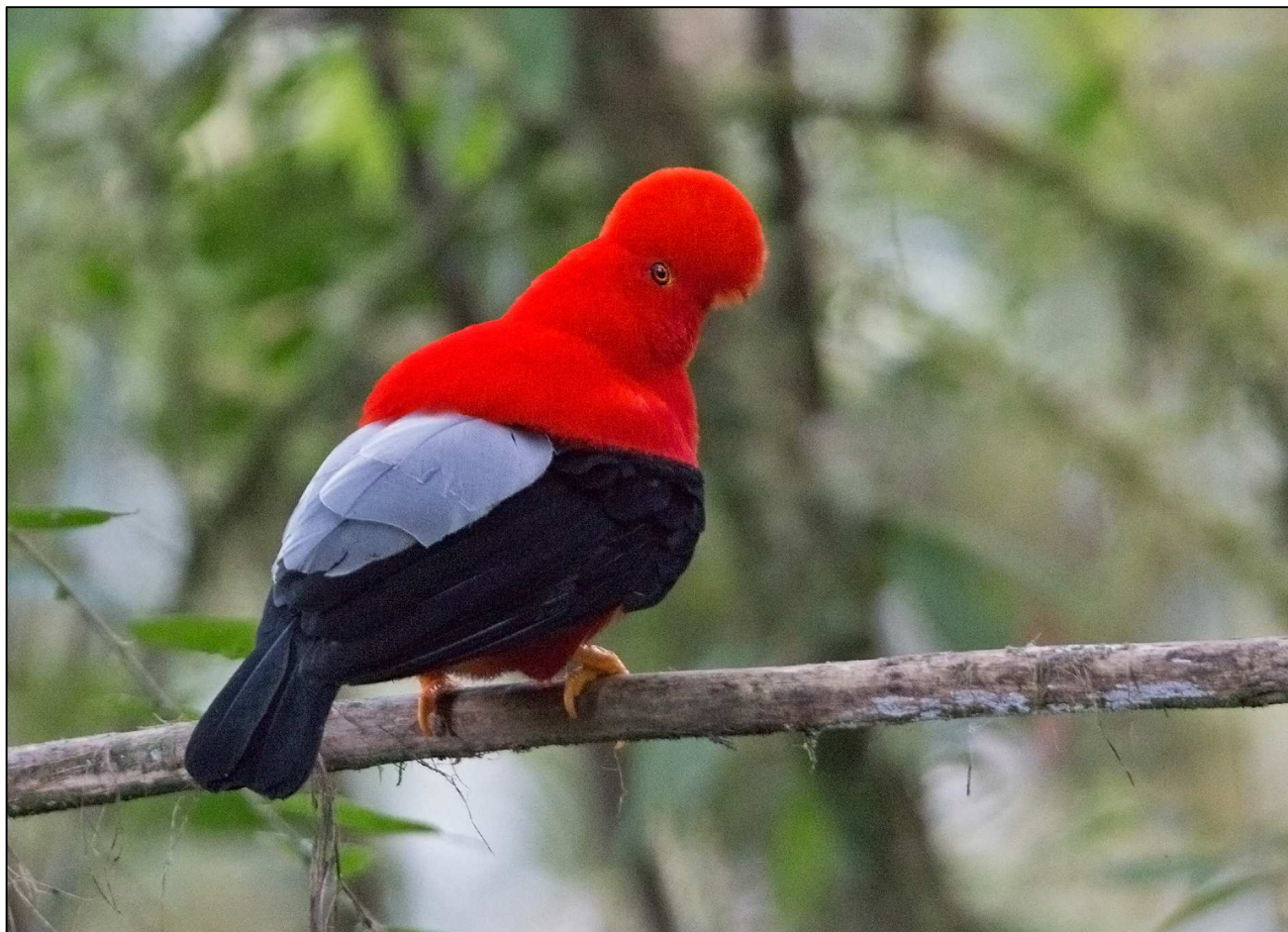


The fruit feeders were lively, with **Black-winged Saltator**, **Orange-bellied Euphonia**, **Golden, Lemon-rumped, Golden-naped, and Flame-faced Tanagers** all in attendance. The nearby hummingbird feeders had quality of their own in abundance too, with stunners like **Empress Brilliant** and **Velvet-purple Coronet** visiting, along with **White-whiskered Hermit**, **Green Thorntail**, **Purple-bibbed Whitetip**, and **Violet-tailed Sylph**. After taking our packed lunch in the field, we birded the forest patches along the dirt road towards Mashpi village, finding an excellent mixed feeding flock with **Blue Dacnis**, **Slaty-capped Shrike-Vireo**, **Yellow-bellied Siskin**, **Orange-bellied Euphonia**, **Scarlet-rumped Cacique**, **Green and Purple Honeycreepers**, **Purple-throated Fruitcrow**, **Blue-necked, Bay-headed, Emerald, Scarlet-browed and Gray and gold Tanagers**, and **Orange-fronted Barbet** within the heady mix of birds foraging together. Also in the surrounding we noted other quality species like **Broad-billed Motmot**, **Collared Trogon**, and **Barred Puffbird**.



Empress Brilliant and **Orange-breasted Fruiteater** at Mashpi





Day 6: Refugio Paz de Aves and Calacalí

After several days at lower elevations in the foothills of the Andes, we returned to the subtropical forests on this day, but to a special reserve called *Refugio Paz de Aves*. An early start was needed, so that we could get in place at a forest blind for the dawn-time displays of the shocking red **Andean Cock-of-the-rock** (*photo above*). We were guided by the amazing Paz brothers, who lured in a number of normally difficult birds for our viewing pleasure. This started off with a family of tame **Dark-backed Wood-Quail**, which was followed by another daytime **Lyre-tailed Nightjar**, **Wedge-billed Hummingbird**, and some of the *antpittas* that made this place famous, **Yellow-breasted and Chestnut-crowned Antpittas**. Away from the feeding stations, the forest was productive with **Plate-billed Mountain-Toucan**, **Sickle-winged Guan**, **Crimson-rumped Toucanet**, **Blue-winged Mountain-Tanager**, **Toucan Barbet**, **Tyrannine Woodcreeper**, and **Black-capped and Golden-naped Tanagers**.

Our time in the bird rich Tandayapa region finally came to an end, and we drove back to Quito, stopping off in some dry open country at *Calacalí* on the way back. While this habitat is depauperate compared with the forested regions we had been in, it still brought us new birds, as we had not birded in anything like this before. Highlights included **Black-tailed Trainbearer**, **Tufted Tit-Tyrant**, **Common Ground-Dove**, **Band-tailed Seedeater**, **Ash-breasted Sierra-Finch**, **Golden-rumped Euphonia**, **Blue-and-yellow Tanager**, and the rare and local **White-tailed Shrike-Tyrant**. Our final stop of the main tour was a small pond near the

airport that held a few waterbirds, which were thin on the ground in this forest-based tour, like **Slate-colored (Andean) Coot**, **Andean Gull**, and **Yellow-billed Pintail**.



Flame-faced Tanager at the Mashpi feeders

HIGH ANDES EXTENSION

Day 7: Antisana National Park and Guango Lodge

This short extension was very different from the main tour, spending most of its time above the treeline in the high Andes, where arguably the most spectacular scenery of the entire tour was seen, and a slew of new high Andean birds were seen. An hour's drive from our airport hotel brought us to *Antisana National Park*, known to local birders as the best place in the country for Ecuador's massive national bird, the **Andean Condor**. The site's reliability for this species was proven quickly, when we stopped at a designated viewpoint for the species, and found a condor resting on the cliffs. The same area also held **Black Flowerpiercer**, **Sedge (Grass) Wren**, **Variable Hawk**, and **Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle**. A short drive further on led us to an area of scrub, where some flowering *Chuquiragua* shrubs attracted both male and female **Ecuadorian Hillstars** to its orange blooms, a species that is largely confined to Ecuador. Birding the same area also led us to find **Andean Tit-Spinetail**, **Streak-backed Canastero**, and both **Chestnut-winged** and **Stout-billed Cincloides**. We continued higher into the heart of the reserve, where scrub gave way to open paramo grasslands, above the timber line. As we emerged up on to the plateau, we enjoyed cracking looks at some of the surrounding

volcanos, Cotopaxi and Antisana, after which the park was named. Up there we located **Paramo Pipit**, **Black-winged Ground-Dove**, **Andean Lapwing**, **Brown-bellied Swallow**, **Carunculated Caracara** (*photo next page*), and a few of the locally threatened **Black-faced Ibis** (*photo below*) foraging among the grasslands.



After enjoying all these wonderful birds, we visited *La Mica Lake* to find some high Andean waterbirds. The usual suspects were in evidence, like **Andean Teal**, **(Andean) Ruddy Duck**, **Slate-colored (Andean) Coot**, and best of all, fantastic looks at the cute **Silvery Grebe** that appears a little like a piece of floating cotton.

To finish off our time in this wonderful national park, we took a lunch of local cuisine at a café within the park, which comes complete with hummingbird feeders. **Shining Sunbeam**, **Black-tailed Trainbearer**, **Tyrian Metaltail** and the largest of them all, **Giant Hummingbird**, all visited over our lunchtime vigil. Following lunch with yet more hummingbirds for company, we set off for our final lodge of the tour, *Guango Lodge*, where there was just enough light on arrival to enjoy their own set of hummingbirds, which featured new species for us like **Long-tailed Sylph**, **Chestnut-breasted Coronet**, **Collared Inca**, **Tourmaline Sunangel**, and **White-bellied Woodstar**, along with repeats from the main tour, such as **Speckled Hummingbird**, **Buff-tailed Coronet**, and **Tyrian Metaltail**.



Day 8: Guango Lodge and Papallacta

It seemed a long time, and many birds, ago that we were seeing our first birds of the tour, with tanagers on the edge of Quito; but the last day of the tour had finally come around. Having arrived with minimal time to bird *Guango Lodge* itself the afternoon before, we decided to see something of the lodge property and its birds first thing this morning. As hoped, we found a small feeding flock a short walk from the lodge, with **Pale-naped Brushfinch**, **Gray-hooded Bush-Tanager**, **White-banded Tyrannulet**, **Pearled Treerunner**, **Mountain Wren**, **Spectacled (Whitestart) Redstart**, **Hooded Mountain-Tanager**, **Turquoise Jay**, **Black-eared Hemispingus**, **Cinnamon Flycatcher** and some noisy **(Northern) Mountain Caciques** among the birds present. We also took a short walk along the *Papallacta River*, where we found a **White-capped Dipper** hopping among the rocks. Our final time at *Guango* was spent at their hummingbird feeders again, getting our last major fix of hummingbirds for a tour that had showed us many from this stunning family of birds.

The final few stops of the tour were around *Papallacta*, first along a road that leads to one of the entrances to *Cayambe-Coca National Park* that resulted in us finding **Black-backed Bush-Tanager** (new for the trip), **Black-chested and Scarlet-bellied Mountain-Tanagers**, **Glossy Flowerpiercer**, **Black-capped and Black-headed Hemispingus** (also new for the trip), as well as **Blue-backed Conebill**, and an amazing striking view of another new species for us, **Agile Tit-Tyrant**. Further up the same road we also saw **Tawny Antpitta**, **Great**

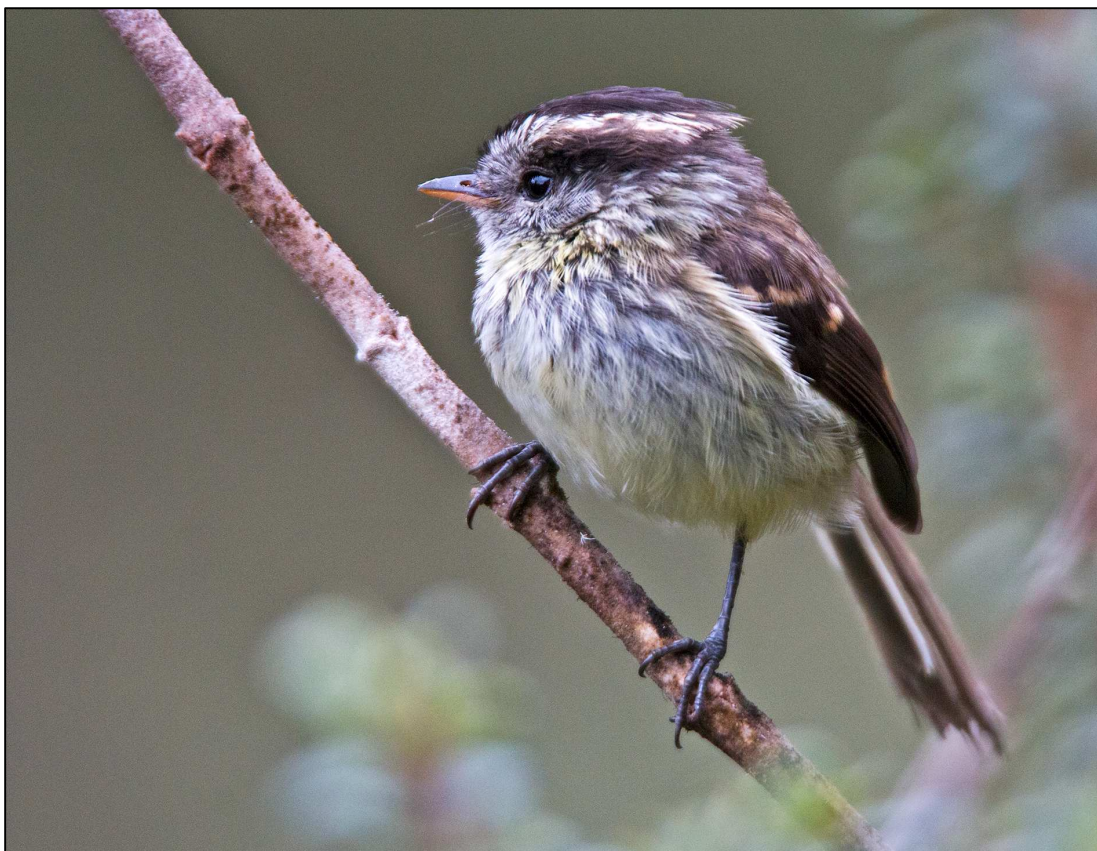
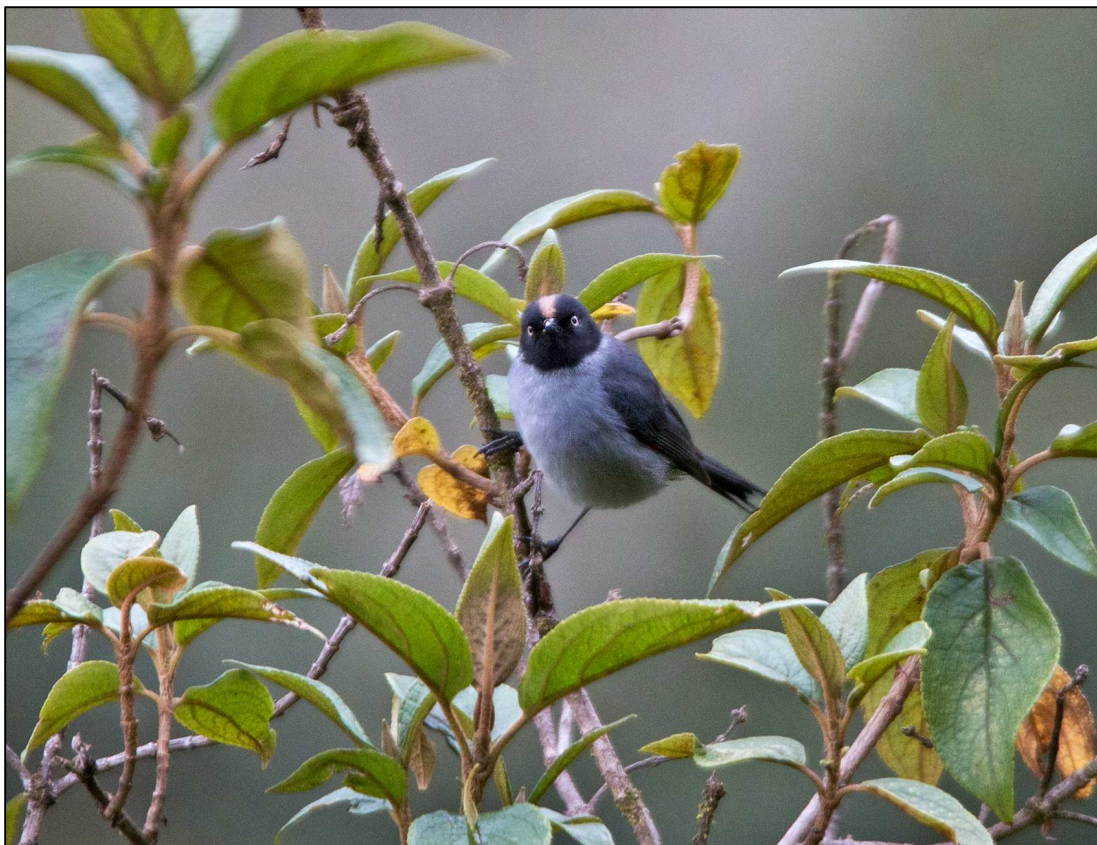
Sapphirewing, Shining Sunbeam, and Viridian Metaltail. After this successful run, we drove on towards Quito, making our final birding stop around *Papallacta Pass* where we found **Andean Tit-Spinetail, Plumbeous Sierra-Finch, Andean Condor, Chestnut-winged and Stout-billed Cinclodes, Variable Hawk,** and **Carunculated Caracara,** all of which we had seen previously at *Antisana*. However, **White-chinned Thistletail, Blue-mantled Thornbill,** and **Many-striped Canastero** were new, as was the rare **Red-rumped Bush-Tyrant,** a great final bird for the trip, (and one that was voted for as one of the birds of the tour), before we drove back to Quito for one more night before departures out.

After our final checklist that night we found we had recorded 381 species for the tour, with 355 of these seen. The overall birds of the trip were varied, as always within a region so laden with spectacular and colorful birds, and included Flame-faced Tanager, Black-tipped Cotinga, Andean Condor, Crimson-mantled Woodpecker, Lanceolated Monklet, Golden-naped Tanager, Sword-billed Hummingbird, White-throated Screech-Owl, the striking Andean Cock of the Rock, Tanager Finch, Toucan Barbet, Carunculated Caracara, Red-rumped Bush-Tyrant, Choco Toucan, Orange-fronted Barbet, Black-faced Ibis, and Beryl-spangled and Scarlet-browed Tanagers.



Hooded Mountain-Tanager (above)

Black-headed Hemispingus (top), and **Agile Tit-Tyrant** *Papallacta* area (next page)





Giant Hummingbird *the largest of them all, at Antisana*

BIRD LIST:

The taxonomy of the bird list follows: Clements, James F., White, Anthony W., and Fitzpatrick, John W. The Clements Checklist of Birds of the World. Cornell, 2007.

This list is up to date with the major changes published by Cornell up until August 2016.

(H) indicates a species that was HEARD only.

(G) indicates a species recorded by the GUIDE ONLY.

TINAMOUS

Tawny-breasted Tinamou

Berlepsch's Tinamou

Little Tinamou

Curve-billed Tinamou

TINAMIDAE

Nothocercus julius

Crypturellus berlepschi

Crypturellus soui

H

Nothoprocta curvirostris

DUCKS, GEESE, & WATERFOWL

Yellow-billed Pintail
 Andean Teal
 (Andean) Ruddy Duck

CRACIDS

Andean Guan
 Sickie-winged Guan

NEW WORLD QUAIL

Dark-backed Wood-Quail

GREBES

Pied-billed Grebe
 Silvery Grebe

CORMORANTS AND SHAGS

Neotropic Cormorant

HERONS, EGRETS, AND BITTERNS

Snowy Egret
 Cattle Egret

IBIS AND SPOONBILLS

Black-faced (Andean) Ibis

NEW WORLD VULTURES

Black Vulture
 Turkey Vulture
 Andean Condor

OSPREY

Osprey

HAWKS, EAGLES, AND KITES

Hook-billed Kite
 Swallow-tailed Kite
 Barred Hawk
 Roadside Hawk
 Harris's Hawk
 Variable Hawk
 Black-chested Buzzard-Eagle

RAILS, GALLINULES, AND COOTS

White-throated Crake
 Slate-colored (Andean) Coot

PLOVERS AND LAPWINGS

Andean Lapwing

GULLS, TERNS AND SKIMMERS

Andean Gull

PIGEONS AND DOVES

Rock Pigeon
 Pale-vented Pigeon
 Band-tailed Pigeon
 Plumbeous Pigeon

ANATIDAE

Anas georgica
Anas andium andium
Oxyura jamaicensis ferruginea

CRACIDAE

Penelope montagnii
Chamaepetes goudotii

ODONTOPHORIDAE

Odontophorus melanonotus

PODICIPEDIDAE

Podilymbus podiceps
Podiceps occipitalis

PHALACROCORACIDAE

Phalacrocorax brasilianus

ARDEIDAE

Egretta thula
Bubulcus ibis

THRESKIORNITHIDAE

Theristicus melanopsis branickii

CATHARTIDAE

Coragyps atratus
Cathartes aura jota
Vultur gryphus

PANDIONIDAE

Pandion haliaetus

ACCIPITRIDAE

Chondrohierax uncinatus
Elanoides forficatus
Morphnarchus princeps
Rupornis magnirostris
Parabuteo unicinctus
Geranoaetus polyosoma
Geranoaetus melanoleucus

RALLIDAE

Laterallus albigularis H
Fulica ardesiaca

CHARADRIIDAE

Vanellus resplendens

LARIDAE

Chroicocephalus serranus

COLUMBIDAE

Columba livia
Patagioenas cayennensis
Patagioenas fasciata
Patagioenas plumbea

Ruddy Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas subvinacea</i>	
Dusky Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas goodsoni</i>	H
Common Ground-Dove	<i>Columbina passerina</i>	
Black-winged Ground-Dove	<i>Metriopelia melanoptera</i>	
White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>	
Pallid Dove	<i>Leptotila pallida</i>	
White-throated Quail-Dove	<i>Zentrygon frenata</i>	
Eared Dove	<i>Zenaida auriculata</i>	
CUCKOOS	CUCULIDAE	
Smooth-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga ani</i>	
Striped Cuckoo	<i>Tapera naevia</i>	
Little Cuckoo	<i>Coccyzua minuta</i>	
Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>	
BARN-OWLS	TYTONIDAE	
Barn Owl	<i>Tyto alba contempta</i>	
OWLS	STRIGIDAE	
White-throated Screech-Owl	<i>Megascops albogularis</i>	
NIGHTJARS AND ALLIES	CAPRIMULGIDAE	
Rufous-bellied Nighthawk	<i>Lurocalis rufiventris</i>	G
Lyre-tailed Nightjar	<i>Uropsalis lyra</i>	
SWIFTS	APODIDAE	
Chestnut-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne rutila</i>	
White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>	
Gray-rumped Swift	<i>Chaetura cinereiventris</i>	
Lesser Swallow-tailed Swift	<i>Panyptila cayennensis</i>	
HUMMINGBIRDS	TROCHILIDAE	
White-necked Jacobin	<i>Florisuga mellivora</i>	
White-whiskered Hermit	<i>Phaethornis yaruqui</i>	
Tawny-bellied Hermit	<i>Phaethornis syrmatorphorus</i>	G
Stripe-throated Hermit	<i>Phaethornis striigularis</i>	G
Green-fronted Lancebill	<i>Doryfera ludovicae</i>	
Wedge-billed Hummingbird	<i>Schistes geoffroyi</i>	
Brown Violetear	<i>Colibri delphinae</i>	
Lesser (Green) Violetear	<i>Colibri cyanotus</i>	
Sparkling Violetear	<i>Colibri coruscans</i>	
Purple-crowned Fairy	<i>Heliathryx barroti</i>	
Gorgeted Sunangel	<i>Heliangelus strophianus</i>	
Tourmaline Sunangel	<i>Heliangelus exortis</i>	
Green Thorntail	<i>Discosura conversii</i>	
Speckled Hummingbird	<i>Adelomyia melanogenys</i>	
Long-tailed Sylph	<i>Agelaiocercus kingii</i>	
Violet-tailed Sylph	<i>Agelaiocercus coelestis</i>	
Ecuadorian Hillstar	<i>Oreotrochilus chimborazo</i>	
Black-tailed Trainbearer	<i>Lesbia victoriae</i>	
Purple-backed Thornbill	<i>Ramphomicron microrhynchum</i>	

Blue-mantled Thornbill
 Rainbow-bearded Thornbill
 Tyrian Metaltail
 Viridian Metaltail
 Sapphire-vented Puffleg
 Golden-breasted Puffleg
 Shining Sunbeam
 Brown Inca
 Collared Inca
 Buff-winged Starfrontlet
 Mountain Velvetbreast
 Sword-billed Hummingbird
 Great Sapphirewing
 Buff-tailed Coronet
 Chestnut-breasted Coronet
 Velvet-purple Coronet
 Booted Racket-tail
 Purple-bibbed Whitetip
 Fawn-breasted Brilliant
 Green-crowned Brilliant
 Empress Brilliant
 Giant Hummingbird
 White-bellied Woodstar
 Purple-throated Woodstar
 Western Emerald
 Crowned (Green-crowned) Woodnymph
 Andean Emerald
 Purple-chested Hummingbird
 Rufous-tailed Hummingbird

TROGONS

Golden-headed Quetzal
 Crested Quetzal
 Blue-tailed (Chocó) Trogon
 (Western) White-tailed Trogon
 Black-throated Trogon
 Collared Trogon
 Masked Trogon

MOTMOTS

Rufous Motmot
 Broad-billed Motmot

KINGFISHERS

Ringed Kingfisher
 Green Kingfisher

PUFFBIRDS

Barred Puffbird

Chalcostigma stanleyi
Chalcostigma herrani
Metallura tyrianthina
Metallura williami
Eriocnemis luciani
Eriocnemis mosquera
Aglaeactis cupripennis
Coeligena wilsoni
Coeligena torquata
Coeligena lutetiae
Lafresnaya lafresnayi
Ensifera ensifera
Pterophanes cyanopterus
Boissonneaua flavescens
Boissonneaua matthewsii
Boissonneaua jardini
Ocreatus underwoodii
Urosticte benjamini
Heliodoxa rubinoides
Heliodoxa jacula
Heliodoxa imperatrix
Patagona gigas
Chaetocercus mulsant
Calliphlox mitchellii
Chlorostilbon melanorhynchus
Thalurania colombica
Amazilia franciae
Amazilia rosenbergi
Amazilia tzacatl

TROGONIDAE

Pharomachrus auriceps
Pharomachrus antisianus
Trogon comptus
Trogon chionurus
Trogon rufus
Trogon collaris
Trogon personatus

MOMOTIDAE

Baryphthengus martii
Electron platyrhynchum

ALCEDINIDAE

Megaceryle torquata
Chloroceryle americana

BUCCONIDAE

Nystalus radiatus

H

White-whiskered Puffbird

Lanceolated Monklet

JACAMARS

Rufous-tailed Jacamar

NEW WORLD BARBETS

Orange-fronted Barbet

Red-headed Barbet

TOUCAN-BARBETS

Toucan Barbet

TOUCANS

Crimson-rumped Toucanet

Plate-billed Mountain-Toucan

Collared (Pale-mandibled) Aracari

Yellow-throated (Chestnut-mandibled) Toucan

Choco Toucan

WOODPECKERS

Olivaceous Piculet

Black-cheeked Woodpecker

Smoky-brown Woodpecker

Bar-bellied Woodpecker

Golden-olive Woodpecker

Crimson-mantled Woodpecker

Lineated Woodpecker

Powerful Woodpecker

Guayaquil Woodpecker

FALCONS AND CARACARAS

Carunculated Caracara

Laughing Falcon

American Kestrel

Aplomado Falcon

Bat Falcon

NEW WORLD AND AFRICAN PARROTS

Red-billed Parrot

Speckle-faced (White-capped) Parrot

Blue-headed Parrot

Bronze-winged Parrot

Pacific Parrotlet

Maroon-tailed Parakeet

Red-masked Parakeet

TYPICAL ANTIBIRDS

Rufous-rumped Antwren

Black-crowned (Western Slaty-) Antshrike

Uniform Antshrike

Russet Antshrike

Checker-throated Antwren

*Malacoptila panamensis**Micromonacha lanceolata***GALBULIDAE***Galbula ruficauda*

H

CAPITONIDAE*Capito squamatus**Eubucco bourcierii***SEMNORNITHIDAE***Semnornis ramphastinus***RAMPHASTIDAE***Aulacorhynchus haematopygus**Andigena laminirostris**Pteroglossus torquatus erythropygius**Ramphastos ambiguus swainsonii**Ramphastos brevis***PICIDAE***Picumnus olivaceus**Melanerpes pucherani**Picoides fumigatus**Veniliornis nigriceps*

H

*Colaptes rubiginosus**Colaptes rivolii**Dryocopus lineatus**Campephilus pollens**Campephilus guayaquilensis***FALCONIDAE***Phalcoboenus carunculatus**Herpetotheres cachinnans**Falco sparverius**Falco femoralis**Falco rufigularis***Psittacidae***Pionus sordidus**Pionus tumultuosus seniloides**Pionus menstruus**Pionus chalcopterus**Forpus coelestis**Pyrrhura melanura pacifica**Psittacara erythrogenys***THAMNOPHILIDAE***Euchrepomis callinota**Thamnophilus atrinucha**Thamnophilus unicolor**Thamnistes anabatinus**Epinecrophylla fulviventris*

H

Pacific Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula pacifica</i>	
Slaty Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula schisticolor</i>	H
Dot-winged Antwren	<i>Microrhopias quixensis</i>	
Streak-headed (Long-tailed) Antbird	<i>Drymophila striaticeps</i>	
Chestnut-backed Antbird	<i>Poliocrania exsul</i>	
Esmeraldas Antbird	<i>Sipia nigricauda</i>	H
Zeledon's (Immaculate) Antbird	<i>Hafferia zeledoni</i>	
ANTPITTAS	GRALLARIIDAE	
Moustached Antpitta	<i>Grallaria alleni</i>	G
Scaled Antpitta	<i>Grallaria guatemalensis</i>	
Chestnut-crowned Antpitta	<i>Grallaria ruficapilla</i>	
Yellow-breasted Antpitta	<i>Grallaria flavotincta</i>	
Rufous Antpitta	<i>Grallaria rufula</i>	
Tawny Antpitta	<i>Grallaria quitensis</i>	
TAPACULOS	RHINOCRYPTIDAE	
Ocellated Tapaculo	<i>Acropternis orthonyx</i>	
Ash-colored Tapaculo	<i>Myornis senilis</i>	H
Blackish (Unicolored) Tapaculo	<i>Scytalopus latrans</i>	H
Nariño Tapaculo	<i>Scytalopus vicinior</i>	
Spillmann's Tapaculo	<i>Scytalopus spillmanni</i>	H
ANTTHRUSHES	FORMICARIIDAE	
Rufous-breasted Antthrush	<i>Formicarius rufipectus</i>	H
OVENBIRDS AND WOODCREEPERS	FURNARIIDAE	
Tawny-throated Leaf-tosser	<i>Sclerurus mexicanus</i>	
Tyrannine Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla tyrannina</i>	
Plain-brown Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla fuliginosa</i>	
Wedge-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Glyphorhynchus spirurus</i>	
Strong-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphocolaptes promeropirhynchus</i>	
Black-striped Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus lachrymosus</i>	H
Spotted Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus erythropygius</i>	
Streak-headed Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes souleyetii</i>	
Montane Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes lacrymiger</i>	
Buff (Pacific) Tuftedcheek	<i>Pseudocolaptes lawrencii johnsoni</i>	
Streaked Tuftedcheek	<i>Pseudocolaptes boissonneautii</i>	
Pale-legged (Pacific) Hornero	<i>Furnarius leucopus cinnamomeus</i>	
Chestnut-winged (Bar-winged) Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes albidiventris</i>	
Stout-billed Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes excelsior</i>	
Buff-fronted Foliage-gleaner	<i>Philydor rufum</i>	
Scaly-throated Foliage-gleaner	<i>Anabacerthia variegaticeps</i>	
Lineated Foliage-gleaner	<i>Syndactyla subalaris</i>	
Uniform Treehunter	<i>Thripadectes ignobilis</i>	
Streak-capped Treehunter	<i>Thripadectes virgaticeps</i>	
Striped (Western) Woodhaunter	<i>Automolus subulatus assimilis</i>	H
Spotted Barbtail	<i>Premnoplex brunnescens</i>	
Pearled Treerunner	<i>Margarornis squamiger</i>	

Andean Tit-Spinetail
 White-browed Spinetail
 Many-striped Canastero
 White-chinned Thistletail
 Streak-backed Canastero
 Red-faced Spinetail
 Azara's Spinetail
 Slaty Spinetail

TYRANT FLYCATCHERS

Brown-capped Tyrannulet
 Southern Beardless-Tyrannulet
 White-tailed Tyrannulet
 White-banded Tyrannulet
 White-throated Tyrannulet
 Tufted Tit-Tyrant
 Agile Tit-Tyrant
 Yellow Tyrannulet
 Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet
 White-crested Elaenia
 Torrent Tyrannulet
 Streak-necked Flycatcher
 Ochre-bellied Flycatcher
 Slaty-capped Flycatcher
 Rufous-breasted Flycatcher
 Marble-faced Bristle-Tyrant
 Sooty-headed Tyrannulet
 Choco (Golden-faced) Tyrannulet
 Ornate Flycatcher
 Bronze-olive Pygmy-Tyrant
 Scale-crested Pygmy-Tyrant
 Common Tody-Flycatcher
 Black-headed Tody-Flycatcher
 Cinnamon Flycatcher
 Tawny-breasted Flycatcher
 Black-tailed Flycatcher
 Flavescent Flycatcher
 Smoke-colored Pewee
 Black Phoebe
 Plain-capped (Páramo) Ground-Tyrant
 White-tailed Shrike-Tyrant
 Streak-throated Bush-Tyrant
 Smoky Bush-Tyrant
 Red-rumped Bush-Tyrant
 Masked Water-Tyrant
 Crowned Chat-Tyrant

Leptasthenura andicola
Hellmayrea gularis H
Asthenes flammulata
Asthenes fuliginosa
Asthenes wyatti
Cranioleuca erythrops
Synallaxis azarae H
Synallaxis brachyura

TYRANNIDAE

Ornithion brunneicapillus
Camptostoma obsoletum
Mecocerculus poecilocercus
Mecocerculus stictopterus
Mecocerculus leucophrys
Anairetes parulus
Uromyias agilis
Capsiempis flaveola
Tyrannulus elatus
Elaenia albiceps
Serpophaga cinerea
Mionectes striaticollis
Mionectes oleagineus
Leptopogon superciliaris
Leptopogon rufipectus H
Phylloscartes ophthalmicus
Phyllomyias griseiceps
Zimmerius (chrysops) albigularis
Myiotriccus ornatus
Pseudotriccus pelzelni
Lophotriccus pileatus
Todirostrum cinereum
Todirostrum nigriceps
Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus
Myiobius villosus
Myiobius atricaudus
Myiophobus flavicans
Contopus fumigatus
Sayornis nigricans
Muscisaxicola alpinus
Agriornis albicauda
Myiotheretes striaticollis
Myiotheretes fumigatus
Cnemarchus erythropygius
Fluvicola nengeta
Ochthoeca frontalis

Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant
 Rufous-breasted Chat-Tyrant
 Brown-backed Chat-Tyrant
 Long-tailed Tyrant
 Boat-billed Flycatcher
 Rusty-margined Flycatcher
 Golden-crowned Flycatcher
 Tropical Kingbird

COTINGAS

Green-and-black Fruiteater
 Orange-breasted Fruiteater
 Scaled Fruiteater
 Red-crested Cotinga
 Andean Cock-of-the-rock
 Purple-throated Fruitcrow
 Black-tipped Cotinga

MANAKINS

Golden-winged Manakin
 White-bearded Manakin
 Club-winged Manakin
 Red-capped Manakin

TITYRAS AND ALLIES

Masked Tityra
 Barred Becard
 Cinnamon Becard
 White-winged Becard
 One-colored Becard

VIREOS AND ALLIES

Black-billed Peppershrike
 Slaty-capped Shrike-Vireo
 Lesser Greenlet
 Brown-capped Vireo
 Red-eyed Vireo

CROWS JAYS AND MAGPIES

Turquoise Jay

SWALLOWS

Blue-and-white Swallow
 Brown-bellied Swallow
 White-thighed Swallow
 Southern Rough-winged Swallow
 Gray-breasted Martin

WRENS

Scaly-breasted (Southern Nightingale) Wren
 House Wren
 Mountain Wren

Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris
Ochthoeca rufipectoralis
Ochthoeca fumicolor
Colonia colonus
Megarynchus pitangua
Myiozetetes cayanensis
Myiodynastes chrysocephalus
Tyrannus melancholicus

COTINGIDAE

Pipreola riefferii
Pipreola jucunda
Ampelioides tschudii
Ampelion rubrocristatus
Rupicola peruvianus
Querula purpurata
Carpodectes hopkei

PIPRIDAE

Masius chrysopterus
Manacus manacus
Machaeropterus deliciosus
Ceratopipra mentalis

H

TITYRIDAE

Tityra semifasciata
Pachyramphus versicolor
Pachyramphus cinnamomeus
Pachyramphus polychopterus dorsalis
Pachyramphus homochrous

VIREONIDAE

Cyclarhis nigrirostris
Vireolanius leucotis
Pachysylvia decurtata
Vireo leucophrys
Vireo olivaceus

H

CORVIDAE

Cyanolyca turcosa

HIRUNDINIDAE

Pygochelidon cyanoleuca
Orochelidon murina
Atticora tibialis
Stelgidopteryx ruficollis
Progne chalybea

TROGLODYTIDAE

Microcerculus marginatus
Troglodytes aedon
Troglodytes solstitialis

H

Sedge (Grass) Wren

Plain-tailed Wren

Stripe-throated Wren

Bay Wren

Rufous Wren

Gray-breasted Wood-Wren

DIPPERS

White-capped Dipper

THRUSHES AND ALLIES

Andean Solitaire

Spotted Nightingale-Thrush

Pale-eyed Thrush

Pale-vented Thrush

Ecuadorian Thrush

Great Thrush

Glossy-black Thrush

MOCKINGBIRDS AND THRASHERS

Tropical Mockingbird

WAGTAILS AND PIPITS

Paramo Pipit

NEW WORLD WARBLERS

Olive-crowned Yellowthroat

Tropical Parula

Three-striped Warbler

Black-crested Warbler

Buff-rumped Warbler

Golden-bellied (Chocó) Warbler

Russet-crowned Warbler

Slate-throated Redstart (Whitestart)

Spectacled Redstart (Whitestart)

TANAGERS AND ALLIES

Black-capped Hemispingus

Superciliaried Hemispingus

Black-eared Hemispingus

Black-eared (Western) Hemispingus

Black-headed Hemispingus

Gray-hooded Bush Tanager

White-shouldered Tanager

White-lined Tanager

Flame-rumped (Lemon-rumped) Tanager

Moss-backed Tanager

Hooded Mountain-Tanager

Black-chested Mountain-Tanager

Grass-green Tanager

Scarlet-bellied Mountain-Tanager

*Cistothorus platensis aequatorialis**Pheugopedius euophrys**Cantorchilus leucopogon**Cantorchilus nigricapillus**Cinnycerthia unirufa**Henicorhina leucophrys***CINCLIDAE***Cinclus leucocephalus***TURDIDAE***Myadestes ralloides**Catharus dryas* H*Turdus leucops* H*Turdus obsoletus**Turdus maculirostris**Turdus fuscater**Turdus serranus* H**MIMIDAE***Mimus gilvus***MOTACILLIDAE***Anthus bogotensis***PARULIDAE***Geothlypis semiflava**Setophaga pitiayumi**Basileuterus tristriatus**Myiothlypis nigrocristata**Myiothlypis fulvicauda**Myiothlypis chrysogaster chlorophrys**Myiothlypis coronata**Myioborus miniatus**Myioborus melanocephalus***THRAUPIDAE***Hemispingus atropileus**Hemispingus superciliaris**Hemispingus melanotis melanotis**Hemispingus melanotis ochraceus**Hemispingus verticalis**Cnemoscopus rubrirostris**Tachyphonus luctuosus**Tachyphonus rufus**Ramphocelus flammigerus icteronotus**Bangsia edwardsi**Buthraupis montana**Cnemathraupis eximia**Chlorornis riefferii**Anisognathus igniventris*

Blue-winged Mountain-Tanager	<i>Anisognathus somptuosus</i>
Black-chinned Mountain-Tanager	<i>Anisognathus notabilis</i>
Buff-breasted Mountain-Tanager	<i>Dubusia taeniata</i>
Fawn-breasted Tanager	<i>Pipraeidea melanonota</i>
Blue-and-yellow Tanager	<i>Pipraeidea bonariensis</i>
Glistening-green Tanager	<i>Chlorochrysa phoenicotis</i>
Blue-gray Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>
Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>
Blue-capped Tanager	<i>Thraupis cyanocephala</i>
Golden-naped Tanager	<i>Tangara ruficervix</i>
Black-capped Tanager	<i>Tangara heinei</i>
Gray-and-gold Tanager	<i>Tangara palmeri</i>
Blue-necked Tanager	<i>Tangara cyanicollis</i>
Rufous-throated Tanager	<i>Tangara rufigula</i>
Blue-and-black Tanager	<i>Tangara vassorii</i>
Beryl-spangled Tanager	<i>Tangara nigroviridis</i>
Metallic-green Tanager	<i>Tangara labradorides</i>
Bay-headed Tanager	<i>Tangara gyrola</i>
Flame-faced Tanager	<i>Tangara parzudakii</i>
Golden Tanager	<i>Tangara arthus</i>
Emerald Tanager	<i>Tangara florida</i>
Silver-throated Tanager	<i>Tangara icterocephala</i>
Swallow Tanager	<i>Tersina viridis</i>
Black-faced (Yellow-tufted) Dacnis	<i>Dacnis lineata aequatorialis</i>
Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cayana</i>
Purple Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes caeruleus</i>
Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>
Scarlet-browed Tanager	<i>Heterospingus xanthopygius</i>
Cinereous Conebill	<i>Conirostrum cinereum</i>
Blue-backed Conebill	<i>Conirostrum sitticolor</i>
Glossy Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa lafresnayii</i>
Black Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa humeralis</i>
White-sided Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa albilatera</i>
Indigo Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa indigotica</i>
Masked Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa cyanea</i>
Black-backed Bush Tanager	<i>Urothraupis stolzmanni</i>
Plumbeous Sierra-Finch	<i>Phrygilus unicolor</i>
Ash-breasted Sierra-Finch	<i>Phrygilus plebejus</i>
Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>
Thick-billed (Lesser) Seed-Finch	<i>Sporophila funerea</i>
Variable Seedeater	<i>Sporophila corvina</i>
Yellow-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila nigricollis</i>
Band-tailed Seedeater	<i>Catamenia analis</i>
Plain-colored Seedeater	<i>Catamenia inornata</i>
Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>

Dusky-faced Tanager
 Buff-throated Saltator
 Black-winged Saltator
 Slate-colored Grosbeak

BUNTINGS AND NEW WORLD SPARROWS

Tanager Finch
 Yellow-throated Chlorospingus (Bush-Tanager)
 Dusky Chlorospingus (Bush-Tanager)
 Black-striped Sparrow
 Gray-browed (Stripe-headed) Brushfinch
 Orange-billed Sparrow
 Chestnut-capped Brushfinch
 Rufous-collared Sparrow
 Tricolored Brushfinch
 Pale-naped Brushfinch
 Yellow-breasted (Rufous-naped) Brushfinch
 White-winged Brushfinch

CARDINALS AND ALLIES

White-winged Tanager
 Ochre-breasted Tanager
 Golden Grosbeak

TROUPIALS AND ALLIES

Scrub Blackbird
 Shiny Cowbird
 Yellow-tailed Oriole
 Scarlet-rumped Cacique
 (Northern) Mountain Cacique

FINCHES, EUPHONIAS AND ALLIES

Thick-billed Euphonia
 Golden-rumped Euphonia
 Orange-bellied Euphonia
 Yellow-bellied Siskin
 Hooded Siskin

OLD WORLD SPARROWS

House Sparrow

Mitrospingus cassinii
Saltator maximus
Saltator atripennis
Saltator grossus

H

EMBERIZIDAE

Oreothraupis arremonops
Chlorospingus flavigularis
Chlorospingus semifuscus
Arremonops conirostris
Arremon assimilis
Arremon aurantirostris
Arremon brunneinucha
Zonotrichia capensis
Atlapetes tricolor
Atlapetes pallidinucha
Atlapetes latinuchus
Atlapetes leucopterus leucopterus

CARDINALIDAE

Piranga leucoptera
Chlorothraupis stolzmanni
Pheucticus chrysogaster

ICTERIDAE

Dives waczewiczi
Molothrus bonariensis
Icterus mesomelas
Cacicus uropygialis pacificus
Cacicus chrysnotus leucoramphus

FRINGILLIDAE

Euphonia lanirostris
Euphonia cyanocephala
Euphonia xanthogaster
Spinus xanthogastrus
Spinus magellanicus

PASSERIDAE

Passer domesticus

MAMMAL LIST:

Brown-throated (Three-toed) Sloth
 Red-tailed Squirrel
 Central American Agouti
 Tapeti (Brazilian Rabbit)
 Long-tailed Weasel

Bradypus variegatus
Sciurus granatensis
Dasyprocta punctata
Sylvilagus brasiliensis
Mustela frenata