



A **Tropical Birding** CUSTOM tour

## Costa Rica

**15<sup>th</sup> – 30<sup>th</sup> March 2021**



This incredible **Lesser Ground-Cuckoo** sighting near *Orotina* was one of the top highlights of the trip (Fito Downs)

*Tour leader: **Fito Downs***

*Thanks to participant **Barabara Churchley** for many of the photos in this report.*

*Birds in the photos within this report are denoted in **RED**, and individual photographers are also indicated.*

## INTRODUCTION:

Costa Rica is *always* an example of a quality, phenomenal birdwatching experience. On our 14 day tour we covered almost all the popular birdwatching hotspots along with some lesser known areas in order to find a long list of target species.

This tour was a shorter version of the comprehensive [Costa Rica: From Border to Border Tour](#), and we had enough flexibility to visit new areas when certain species required us to do so. This was a target species tour, and the final list did not disappoint us! We were also fortunate to have amazing weather conditions throughout the entire trip with only few hours of rain mostly by night, and only a few hours during daytime. We covered the rainforest, which even in the dry season can be rainy!

There were numerous highlights and I want to give a special mention to our time looking for the secretive **Lesser Ground-Cuckoo** near the town of Orotina in the lowlands of the pacific coast. We usually spend a long time trying to get this bird but not on that day. Shortly after we arrived at the stakeout, we had the bird in view, and not just any view but fully in the open! It left me no choice but to include this as the title photo for this report! Also, in the South Pacific lowlands we enjoyed very good views of the endangered Yellow-billed Cotinga, and a tree full of yellow flowers with 5 **White-crested Coquettes** in attendance, including two males. I had never seen this many in a single spot before. Moving into the foothills, we worked hard to get the elusive **Rosy Thrush-Tanager** in a couple of remote locations. On the same day, we got a male **Turquoise Cotinga** perched in the treetops following a rainy afternoon, an unforgettable moment. Going higher still, the impressive highlands of the *Talamanca Mountain Range* were hard to beat. We found many of our targets there, including a pair of the usually shy **Spotted Wood-Quail** walking right in front of us, a very vocal **Dusky Nightjar**, and also obtained excellent views of the always hard-to-see **Wrenthrush**. The Caribbean and



northern lowlands were good, as always, and this is where we had roosting **Great Potoo** and **Crested Owl**, an amazing close up encounter with **Middle-American Screech-Owl** at night in *La Selva*, and also got views of a **Slaty-breasted Tinamou**, while our boat trip searching for displaying **Nicaraguan Grackles** was successful too.

Last, but not least, *Monteverde* was our final destination. The hummingbird feeders were fantastic, and we saw a male **Three-wattled Bellbird** calling in the forest near our hotel and had unbelievable sightings of **Black-breasted Wood-Quails**.

### DAILY SUMMARY:

**Day 1 (of birding): 16<sup>th</sup> March – San Jose to Carara National Park.**

After a short walk in our hotel grounds near *San Jose*, we departed for the *Central Pacific Lowlands*. The first stop we made was along a secondary road along by some pastureland near the town of *Guacimal* where we saw a pair of **White-fronted Parrots** next to the main road, along with a single **Turquoise-browed Motmot**, **Black-headed Trogon**, **Stripe-headed Sparrow**, **Rufous-naped Wren**, **Yellow-headed Caracara** and an unexpected pair of **Double-striped Thick-knees**. Our afternoon boat trip was our only chance to find the endemic *Mangrove Hummingbird*. We started out cruising the famous *Tarcoles River* with many sightings of **herons**, **egrets** and **Magnificent Frigatebirds**. We were also entertained by an active **Osprey**, **Common Black-Hawk**, **Whimbrel**, **Mangrove Swallow** and **Roseate Spoonbill**. Once we approached the mangrove forest it was time to be a little more “selective”, and we focused our energies on finding the **Mangrove Hummingbird**. We tried here and there until we got a couple of views, but it was far from easy as the light conditions were not in our favor. Near that area we also got a cooperative **Yellow-naped Parrot** (*photo page before, Barbara Churchley*) moving along the branches of a mangrove tree, and many **White Ibises**, **Brown Pelicans** and more **Magnificent Frigatebirds** to finish a wonderful long birding day.



**Day 2 (of birding): 17<sup>th</sup> March – Carara National Park and Orotina.**

We spent a full morning working the forest trails in the popular *Carara National Park*. In this park we got some classic forest species like **Black-throated and Slaty-tailed Trogons**, **Royal Flycatcher**, **Steely-vented (Blue-vented) Hummingbird**, **Black-hooded Antshrike**, **Cocoa Woodcreeper**, **Chiriqui Foliage-Gleaner**, the uncommon **Eye-ringed Flatbill** and **Rufous Piha**, among others. After this, the afternoon was dedicated to another important species on the “hit list”, *Lesser Ground-Cuckoo*. We drive an hour out of *Carara*, to an area of dry, hot open fields with scattered trees and brushy areas close to farmland. In my experience this bird is always tough to see, so we were prepared to be patient. After picking up some **Gartered Trogons** and **Hoffman’s Woodpeckers** in the area, we then heard a **Lesser Ground-Cuckoo** singing. A few minutes later, we got not only a view of the bird, but we got the best views ever of this beast coming out into the open and walking along an open branch, allowing us to take incredible photo in the process. Another good find in that areas was a **Striped Cuckoo** (*photo page before, Fito Downs*). That was the way to finish another good day in Costa Rica!

**Day 3: 18<sup>th</sup> March – Carara NP to Piedras Blancas National Park.**

With a long drive ahead we packed very early this morning and headed south. The time for birding was limited, as we spent most of the morning going to the southern part of the country. Some common species seen this morning include **Yellow-headed Caracara**, **Roadside Hawk**, **Wood Stork**, **Crimson-fronted Parakeet**, **Southern Lapwing**, **Inca and White-tipped Doves**, and **Amazon and Green Kingfishers**.

The afternoon was considerably more productive with some specialties like **Charming Hummingbird**, **Bronzy and Long-billed Hermits** and a lovely male **Great Curassow** near the lodge restaurant! The short trail along the river provided a big target, the endemic **Black-cheeked Ant-Tanager**, and right next to this wonderful bird we got great views of a male **Red-capped Manakin**. By the end of our day we went to explore the grassland and forest edge along the entrance road. Some of the species seen here were **Red-breasted Meadowlark**, **Yellow-bellied Seedeater**, **Northern Jacana**, **Ochre-bellied Flycatcher**, **Red-crowned Woodpecker**, **Blue-headed Parrot**, **Fork-tailed Flycatcher** and the cute **Olivaceous Piculet**.

**Day 4: 19<sup>th</sup> March – Piedras Blancas National Park and Rincon de Osa.**

Our time was limited this morning, because we had to drive from the lodge to another area near *Osa Peninsula*. Our main goal was the local and endangered *Yellow-billed Cotinga*. There are very few places where you have a real chance to see this cotinga, but the mangrove forest near Rincon is the best location for it. As we drove towards Rincon, there were some small hills to pass, and near the summit, we caught a glimpse of a “white bird” in a top of a tree, that was none other than a **Yellow-billed Cotinga** sitting up there!. It is hard to express the feeling when you got such an important bird when you do not expect it. Well, after that cool moment we continued driving towards Rincon but with less pressure upon us. At the main spot we got at least 2 more male **Yellow-billed Cotingas** and one female too. Other birds around there were **Mangrove Swallow**, **Bare-throated Tiger-Heron**, **White Ibis**, **Short-tailed Hawk**, **Amazon Kingfisher**, **Spotted Sandpiper**, **Yellow-throated Euphonia** and **Gray-breasted Martin**.

Before we arrived at our hotel we made a short stop down the main road and we got excellent views of another rare bird, **Golden-naped Woodpecker**, and also saw **Brown-throated Parakeet**, **Fiery-billed Aracari** (photo below, *Barbara Churchley*), **Bright-rumped Attila**, **Orange-collared Manakin**, **Riverside Wren**, **Isthmian Wren**, **Spot-crowned Euphonia**, **Lineated Woodpecker**, **Gray-cowled Wood-Rail**, and even a rare North American migrant for Costa Rica, **MacGillivrays Warbler**!



**Day 5: 20<sup>th</sup> March – Durika Indigenous Reserve to Bosque de Tolomoco.**

Before first light, we had a cup of coffee and immediately left towards our next destination, *Durika Indigenous Reserve*. Our main reason to visit this remote area was to look for a very elusive bird, the local *Rosy Thrush-Tanager*. After a few hours we finally made it to one of the stakeouts for the Thrush-Tanager, and area that is only accessible during dry spells. Luckily, the weather had been good to us. We tried several different spots, and moved inside the forest, and eventually got several brief views of males. They were not the best views, but it is always a difficult bird and so we were happy with getting it at all. It was then time to continue the long journey to *Bosque del Tolomuco*. The feeders at the lodge were just filled up with birds. We got many individual **Baltimore Orioles** attending the feeders, with **Lessons Motmot**, **Golden-hooded Tanagers** and **Scarlet-rumped Tanagers**. After a while we went to the town of *San Isidro* for the beautiful **Turquoise Cotinga**. The story was completely different from the one with the *Rosy*

*Thrush-Tanager*, we only spent 20 minutes in the area until we got a male sitting on top of the trees, what a bird! That individual disappeared quickly but a few minutes later we got another male also sitting in a bare tree by the side of the road. I always see it in this location, and it is probably the most reliable spot in the country to see this amazing bird.

**Day 6: 21<sup>st</sup> March – Bosque de Tolomuco to the Savegre Valley via Cerro del la Muerte.**

Before leaving for the *Savegre Valley* we spent a couple of hours at the lodge feeders. Personally, I had never seen so many **Baltimore Orioles** in such a small area, I counted at least 25 individuals attending the fruit feeders, a very high count. Besides the orioles, we got **Golden-hooded Tanager**, **Buff-throated Saltator**, **Lessons Motmot** and the wonderful **Red-headed Barbet**. The hummingbirds there included **Garden Emerald**, **Violet Sabrewing**, **Green-crowned Brilliant**, **Scintillant Hummingbird** and **White-throated Mountain-Gem**.

A special mention has to be made for the small flock of **Sulphur-winged Parakeets** that landed in front of the lodge, and for the stunning **Northern Emerald Toucanet** (photo right, **Barbara Churchley**) that came out in the open too. We also saw a pair of **Elegant Euphonia**, **Speckled Tanager** and **Flame-colored Tanager**. All of this was in just two hours. After that, we headed up to the highlands of *Cerro de la Muerte*. At the summit, we did a short stop for a very special and local species, **Volcano Junco**. Time was limited, so we left immediately after we saw the *junco*. However, in the same area, we were also lucky to find the skulking **Timberline Wren**. Halfway down the mountain we did another stop at the *Miriam Restaurant*, where we got more targets like **Large-footed Finch**, **Long-tailed Silky-Flycatcher**, **Yellow-thighed Finch**, **Black-billed Nightingale-Thrush** and **Sooty Thrush**. *Miriam Restaurant* always provides excellent birding with good chances of photos and tasty coffee too. We arrived at our lodge late in the afternoon.

#### Day 7: 22<sup>nd</sup> March – **Savegre Valley and Los Quetzales National Park.**

With one more day to find our highland targets we first visited the lodge reserve in the morning. A 4x4 vehicle was required to make it to the upper part of the trail. Upon arrival at the main entrance, we were welcomed by a pair of the lovely **Collared Redstarts**. Later on the trail we managed to briefly see a **Silvery-fronted Tapaculo**, **Black-faced Solitaire**, and (while trying for another view of the *tapaculo*) we spotted the fantastic **Spotted Wood-Quail**, which was right behind us. Another surprise was a sighting of one of the most popular and beautiful birds in Costa Rica, the **Resplendent Quetzal** (photo next page, **Barbara Churchley**). To be in this mature Oak forest was just breath-taking, and we also added another regional endemic in the form of **Black-cheeked Warbler**. During the afternoon we tried another location near *Los Quetzales National Park*. One of the big targets was **Ochraceous Pewee**, which we found a couple of hours later. We also sighted **Black-and-Yellow Silky-Flycatcher** just before the rain started. At night we went to another location hoping to get **Dusky Nightjar**. Once at the spot, we saw it within a few minutes. After the nightjar, we moved on and tried for **Bare-shanked Screech-Owl**, which we only heard once unfortunately.

#### Day 8: 23<sup>rd</sup> March – **Los Quetzales NP to La Selva Biological Station.**

With another long driving day ahead of us, we made another short stop at *Los Quetzales National Park* and were lucky to find another hard one, the secretive **Wrenthrush**. After such a special find we then drove a bit down the road that yielded **Spot-crowned Woodcreeper**, **Black-throated Green-Warbler**, **Mountain Elaenia**, **Flame-throated Warbler**, **Sooty-capped Chlorospingus**, **Yellow-winged Vireo**, **Mountain Thrush**, **Slaty Flowerpiercer**





and the uncommon **Black-thighed Grosbeak**. We then spent the rest of the afternoon driving towards *La Selva Biological Station* in the lowlands of the Caribbean slope. At night, we explored the forest trails at *La Selva*. As we entered the primary forest, we tried for the special **Middle-American Screech-Owl** (photo next page, *Barbara Churchley*), and it did not take us long to find this fantastic beast!

#### Day 9: 24<sup>th</sup> March – Braulio Carrillo National Park and Surrounding areas.

This morning we visited the impressive *Braulio Carrillo National Park*. We walked the *Las Palmas* trail which is about a mile long throughout pristine and mature forest hoping to find some mixed species flocks. The activity was a bit low for my taste, but, little by little, some birds became more active like **Green Hermit**, **Orange-billed Sparrow**, **Tawny-capped Euphonia** and **Green Honeycreeper**. As we continued walking up the trail we found **Crowned Woodnymph**, **Wedge-billed Woodcreeper**, **Buff-rumped Warbler** and a

flock of **Carmioli's and Tawny-crested Tanagers**. Halfway down the trail we encountered a shy **Black-headed Nightingale-Thrush** and **Ochre-bellied Flycatcher**. Later in the morning, we heard another special bird, the local and rare **Lattice-tailed Trogon**, which we saw after trying a bit hard for it. This trogon made a big success on our entire morning in the park for sure. Before we headed back to *La Selva*, we stopped at a private place of a friend named Cope. His property was home to some great birds, such as **Striped-throated Hermit**, **White-necked Jacobin**, **Bronze-tailed Plumeleteer**, **Chestnut-headed Oropendola**, **Crimson-collared Tanager**, **Red-legged Honeycreeper** and following a short walk from his home, we also got roosting **Crested Owl** and **Great Potoo** (photo page 9, *Barbara Churchley*) and other amazing wildlife, such as **Honduran White Bats**, **Green-and-black Poison Dart Frog** and the famous "Blue-jeans" **Strawberry Poison Dart Frogs**. *Cope's Place* is always good for birds, and also supports a local artist with amazing skills. Another stop was made at another friend's house named *Randall*. There we also found **Golden-hooded Tanager** and **Black-cowled Oriole** and yet more good coffee!

#### Day 10: 25<sup>th</sup> March – Poas Volcano National Park, La Paz Waterfall Gardens, Vara Blanca and La Selva.

After picking up some specialties yesterday, today we headed up into the lower mountains near *Poas Volcano National Park*, where our main goal was to get some middle elevation species. Right at the first stop we got some cool hummers like **Violet Sabrewing**, **Green-crowned Brilliant**, **Rufous-tailed Hummingbird**, the endemic



**Coppery-headed Emerald** and a lovely male **Green Thorntail**. Other birds included **Baltimore Oriole**, **Scarlet-rumped Tanager**, **Bananaquit**, **Silver-throated Tanager** and the spectacular **Northern Emerald Toucanet**.

The next stop was at the scenic *La Paz Waterfall Gardens*, where upon arrival we got a lovely **Barred Hawk** near the base of the waterfall. Immediately after the hawk we got an amazingly cooperative **Sooty-faced Finch** right next to us by the side of the road. Also, a few yards away from there we had a glimpse of the shy **Slaty-backed Nightingale-Thrush**. We also checked out another side road near the town of *Vara Blanca* where we found more **Long-tailed Silky-Flycatcher**, **Yellow-faced Grassquit**, **Purple-throated Mountain-Gem** and got a proper view of the colorful **Golden-browed Chlorophonia**. Further down the road we also found **Dark Pewee**, **Black-faced Solitaire**, **Tropical Parula**, and just before we returned to *La Selva*, we enjoyed a pair of **Spangle-cheeked Tanagers**! Once at *La Selva* our mission was for *Slaty-breasted Tinamou*. I

knew a stakeout for the bird, but a tinamou is never an easy species to see at all. I was feeling positive about this one because we heard it calling, and they are more active at this time of year. Well, we tried and tried to see one of the two individuals singing not far from the trail, until we finally got one of them sitting on a fallen trunk deep inside the woods. We even managed to get the spotting scope on it! Now, that is the way to see a **Slaty-breasted Tinamou**!

#### Day 11: 26<sup>th</sup> March – **Caño Negro and Tenorio Volcano National Park.**

It was time to leave this wonderful place and visit another excellent location, the foothills of *Tenorio Volcano National Park*. However, before then, following an unsuccessful search for **Nicaraguan Seed-Finch** the day before, we spent some time in another location on the way to *Caño Negro Wildlife Refuge*. Here, we were lucky to have a cooperative male singing for a while, which gave great views. With time limited, we then immediately headed up to *Caño Negro* for our boat trip into the wetlands. One reason to take a boat trip along the *Rio Frio River* was to find the local **Nicaraguan Grackle**. *Caño Negro Wildlife Refuge* is the best place to see this small and special blackbird. We had good chances to find the grackle, because at this time of the year they congregate in large numbers near a lagoon up the river. On the way there, we got lovely views of **Amazon and Ringed Kingfishers**, **Green Heron**, **Bare-throated Tiger-Heron**, **Neotropic Cormorant**, **Northern Jacana**, **Glossy Ibis**, the uncommon and elegant **Black-collared Hawk** and **Wood Storks**. The **Nicaraguan Grackles** were common once we got to the specific area they choose to displaying. We saw at least 6 different males and the same number of females. Shortly after that we came back to town and departed for *Tenorio Volcano*. On the way to our lodge

we did stop briefly on the main road where we got some very interesting species such as **White-fronted Nunbird**, **Carmiol's Tanager**, **Northern-barred Woodcreeper** and the rare **Streak-crowned Antvireo**.



**Day 12: 27<sup>th</sup> March – Tenorio Volcano National Park and Arenal Volcano area.**

The trip was coming close to the end unfortunately, and with two more days to go we maximized our time in the field and focused our energies to find species that we had not yet found. This morning was spent on a trail inside the primary forest. We knew that the pristine forest does not provide large numbers of species but holds some rarities and quality species we were seeking. We heard **Nightingale Wren** singing a couple of times but failed to see it. It was way down the slope and far away from the trail. Later on, we found **Green Hermit**, **Gartered** and **Black-throated Trogons**, **Tawny-crowned Greenlet** and the best one of all was the beautiful and rare **Purplish-backed Quail-Dove**!

In the afternoon we planned to visit another location for **Keel-billed Motmot**. After one hour driving, we made it to a private trail with feeders and trails along tall second growth forest. Some of the species we found were **Gray-headed Chachalaca**, **Red-legged Honeycreeper**, and **Black-headed Saltator** among others. As we walked the trails looking for the motmot we got a roosting **Black-and-white Owl**, which was a nice surprise. Minutes later, we finally found a **Keel-billed Motmot** (photo next page, **Barbara Churchley**), luckily this one was

very low near the ground and despite the dark conditions for photography we had excellent views of this local species. After that, sighting we returned to our lodge.

**Day 13: 28<sup>th</sup> March – Tenorio Volcano to Monteverde.**

We left early this morning towards the world-famous *Monteverde Cloud Forest* for our last night before we returned to *San Jose*. We did few stops on the journey, as we wanted to get to *Monteverde* as soon as possible. Upon arrival at our lodge we heard a special bird singing, the song was unique and unmistakable, that bird was none other than the **Three-wattled Bellbird** (photo page 11, **Barbara Churchley**), which we wanted badly! We could not believe that the bird was singing just yards away from our lodge, so we did not even check-in, but ran straight into the forest to look for it. What a bird! We got close up views, and we even saw an immature male next to the adult male right above us.

With that “big one” in the bag, we felt a bit more relaxed, and that experience was one of the most memorable moments of the entire tour. We dedicated the rest of the afternoon to visit one of the private reserves in

*Monteverde*. Some of the birds we found were **Cabanis's Wren**, **Long-tailed Manakin**, **White-eared Ground-Sparrow** and we were lucky to encounter an army ant swarm with special birds around like **Orange-billed Nightingale-Thrush**, **Ruddy Woodcreeper**, **Northern-barred Woodcreeper**, **White-throated Thrush**, **Lesson's Motmot** and **Rufous-capped Warbler**. However, I forgot to mention that in that reserve we also got excellent views of **Chiriqui Quail-Dove** and **Black Guan**. It was a wonderful afternoon, no doubt about that!

#### Day 14: 29<sup>th</sup> March – **Monteverde to San Jose.**

Today was our last morning in the amazing cloud forest of *Monteverde*, before we headed back to *San Jose* unfortunately. The regular birds seen from our lodge's restaurant were **Lesson's Motmot**, **Steely-vented Hummingbird**, **Hoffman's Woodpecker**, **Brown Jay** and **Blue-gray Tanagers**. Once on the trail, we saw other species such as **White-eared Ground-Sparrow**, **Costa Rican Warbler**, **Golden-crowned Warbler** and **Olivaceous Woodcreeper**. The hummingbird feeders were active with **Violet Sabrewing**, **Purple-throated Mountain-Gem**, **Green-crowned Brilliant** and another highlight there was the **Magenta-throated Woodstar**. On the upper part of the trail we got a cooperative **Yellowish Flycatcher**, **Black-throated Green-Warbler**, **Smoky-brown Woodpecker** and **Ochraceous Wren**. And as we walked back down the trail, we were lucky to find not one but four **Black-breasted Wood-Quails** (*photo next page*) crossing the trail in front of us, and to our surprise they stayed long enough to see them foraging for at least fifteen minutes! This was the final highlight of the tour.

It is hard to describe with one word what such a fantastic and terrific trip it was. We had amazing weather conditions throughout, delicious food, wonderful birds and phenomenal company! This tour will be in our memories for a long time. *Pura Vida!*





Black-breasted Wood-Quail and Three-wattled Bellbird both from Monteverde (participant Barbara Churchley)



**CHECKLISTS:****BIRDS**

The taxonomy of the bird list follows Clements, James F., White, Anthony W., and Fitzpatrick, John W. *The Clements Checklist of Birds of the World*. Cornell, 2007. This list is up to date with the major changes published by Cornell up until August 2019. (There were no updates in 2020).

**H** - INDICATES A SPECIES THAT WAS HEARD ONLY.

**GO** - INDICATES A SPECIES RECORDED BY THE GUIDE ONLY.

**E** - INDICATES A SPECIES THAT IS A REGIONAL ENDEMIC.

**TINAMOUS: TINAMIDAE**

Great Tinamou	<i>Tinamus major</i>
Little Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus soui</i>
Slaty-breasted Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus boucardi</i>

**DUCKS, GEESE, AND WATERFOWL: ANATIDAE**

Muscovy Duck	<i>Cairina moschata</i>
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**GUANS, CHACHALACAS, AND CURASSOWS: CRACIDAE**

Gray-headed Chachalaca	<i>Ortalis cinereiceps</i>
Crested Guan	<i>Penelope purpurascens</i>
Black Guan (E)	<i>Chamaepetes unicolor</i>
Great Curassow	<i>Crax rubra</i>

**NEW WORLD QUAIL: ODONTOPHORIDAE**

Black-breasted Wood-Quail (E)	<i>Odontophorus leucolaemus</i>
Spotted Wood-Quail	<i>Odontophorus guttatus</i>

**STORKS: CICONIIDAE**

Wood Stork	<i>Mycteria americana</i>
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**FRIGATEBIRDS: FREGATIDAE**

Magnificent Frigatebird	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>
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**CORMORANTS AND SHAGS: PHALACROCORACIDAE**

Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>
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**ANHINGAS: ANHINGIDAE**

Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>
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**PELICANS: PELECANIDAE**

Brown Pelican	<i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i>
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**HERONS, EGRETS, AND BITTERNS: ARDEIDAE**

Bare-throated Tiger-Heron	<i>Tigrisoma mexicanum</i>
Great Blue Heron	<i>Ardea herodias</i>
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>

Snowy Egret

*Egretta thula*

Little Blue Heron

*Egretta caerulea*

Tricolored Heron

*Egretta tricolor*

Cattle Egret

*Bubulcus ibis*

Green Heron

*Butorides virescens*

Yellow-crowned Night-Heron

*Nyctanassa violacea*

Boat-billed Heron

*Cochlearius cochlearius***IBISES AND SPOONBILLS: THRESKIORNITHIDAE**

White Ibis

*Eudocimus albus*

Green Ibis

*Mesembrinibis cayennensis*

Glossy Ibis

*Plegadis fascinellus*

Roseate Spoonbill

*Platalea ajaja***NEW WORLD VULTURES: CATHARTIDAE**

Black Vulture

*Coragyps atratus*

Turkey Vulture

*Cathartes aura*

GO King Vulture

*Sarcoramphus papa***OSPREEY: PANDIONIDAE**

Osprey

*Pandion haliaetus***HAWKS, EAGLES, AND KITES: ACCIPITRIDAE**

Swallow-tailed Kite

*Elanoides forficatus*

Double-toothed Kite

*Harpagus bidentatus*

Common Black-Hawk

*Buteogallus anthracinus*

Barred Hawk

*Morphnarchus princeps*

Black-collared Hawk

*Busarellus nigricollis*

Roadside Hawk

*Rupornis magnirostris*

Gray Hawk

*Buteo plagiatus*

Broad-winged Hawk

*Buteo platypterus*

Short-tailed Hawk

*Buteo brachyurus*

Swainson's Hawk

*Buteo swainsoni*

Red-tailed Hawk

*Buteo jamaicensis***RAILS, GALLINULES, AND COOTS: RALLIDAE**

H White-throated Crake

*Laterallus albigularis*

Gray-cowled Wood-Rail

*Aramides cajaneus*

Russet-naped Wood-Rail

*Aramides albiventris*

Purple Gallinule

*Porphyrio martinicus***LIMPKIN: ARAMIDAE**

Limpkin

*Aramus guarauna***THICK-KNEES: BURHINIDAE**

Double-striped Thick-knee

*Burhinus bistriatus*

STILTS AND AVOCETS: RECURVIROSTRIDAE

Black-necked Stilt

*Himantopus mexicanus*PLOVERS AND LAPWINGS: CHARADRIIDAE

Southern Lapwing

*Vanellus chilensis*JACANAS: JACANIDAE

Northern Jacana

*Jacana spinosa*SANDPIPERS AND ALLIES: SCOLOPACIDAE

Spotted Sandpiper

*Actitis macularius*

Willet

*Tringa semipalmata*

Lesser Yellowlegs

*Tringa flavipes*

Whimbrel

*Numenius phaeopus*

Short-billed Dowitcher

*Limnodromus griseus*GULLS, TERNS, AND SKIMMERS: LARIDAE

Laughing Gull

*Leucophaeus atricilla*

Royal Tern

*Thalasseus maximus*PIGEONS AND DOVES: COLUMBIDAE

Rock Pigeon

*Columba livia*

Pale-vented Pigeon

*Patagioenas cayennensis*

GO Scaled Pigeon

*Patagioenas speciosa*

Red-billed Pigeon

*Patagioenas flavirostris*

Band-tailed Pigeon

*Patagioenas fasciata*

Ruddy Pigeon

*Patagioenas subvinacea*

Short-billed Pigeon

*Patagioenas nigrirostris*

Inca Dove

*Columbina inca*

Plain-breasted Ground-Dove

*Columbina minuta*

Ruddy Ground-Dove

*Columbina talpacoti*

White-tipped Dove

*Leptotila verreauxi*

Gray-chested Dove

*Leptotila cassinii*

Gray-headed Dove (fronted)

*Leptotila plumbeiceps*

Purplish-backed Quail-Dove

*Zentrygon lawrencii*

Chiriqui Quail-Dove (E)

*Zentrygon chiriquensis*

White-winged Dove

*Zenaida asiatica*CUCKOOS: CUCULIDAE

Squirrel Cuckoo

*Piaya cayana*

Striped Cuckoo

*Tapera naevia*

Lesser Ground-Cuckoo

*Morococcyx erythropygus*

Smooth-billed Ani

*Crotophaga ani*

Groove-billed Ani

*Crotophaga sulcirostris*OWLS: STRIGIDAE

Pacific Screech-Owl

*Megascops cooperi*

Vermiculated Screech-Owl  
**H** Bare-shanked Screech-Owl (E)  
 Crested Owl

Spectacled Owl

Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl

Black-and-white Owl

#### NIGHTJARS AND ALLIES: CAPRIMULGIDAE

Lesser Nighthawk

Common Pauraque

Dusky Nightjar (E)

#### POTOOS: NYCTIBIIDAE

Great Potoo

#### SWIFTS: APODIDAE

White-collared Swift

Vaux's Swift

Costa Rican Swift (E)

Gray-rumped Swift

Lesser Swallow-tailed Swift

#### HUMMINGBIRDS: TROCHILIDAE

White-necked Jacobin

Bronzy Hermit

Band-tailed Barbthroat

Green Hermit

Long-billed Hermit

Stripe-throated Hermit

Green-fronted Lancebill

Brown Violetear

Lesser Violetear

**GO** Purple-crowned Fairy

Green-breasted Mango

Green Thorntail

White-crested Coquette

Green-crowned Brilliant

Talamanca Hummingbird

Long-billed Starthroat

Fiery-throated Hummingbird (E)

Purple-throated Mountain-gem (E)

White-throated Mountain-gem

Magenta-throated Woodstar (E)

Ruby-throated Hummingbird

*Megascops guatemalae*

*Megascops clarkii*

*Lophotrix cristata*

*Pulsatrix perspicillata*

*Glaucidium brasilianum*

*Ciccaba nigrolineata*

*Chordeiles acutipennis*

*Nyctidromus albigollis*

*Antrostomus saturatus*

*Nyctibius grandis*

*Streptoprocne zonaris*

*Chaetura vauxi*

*Chaetura fumosa*

*Chaetura cinereiventris*

*Panyptila cayennensis*

*Florisuga mellivora*

*Glaucis aeneus*

*Threnetes ruckeri*

*Phaethornis guy*

*Phaethornis longirostris*

*Phaethornis striigularis*

*Doryfera ludovicae*

*Colibri delphinae*

*Colibri cyanotus*

*Heliothryx barroti*

*Anthracothonax prevostii*

*Discosura conversii*

*Lophornis adorabilis*

*Heliodoxa jacula*

*Eugenes spectabilis*

*Heliomaster longirostris*

*Panterpe insignis*

*Lampornis calolaemus*

*Lampornis castaneiventris*

*Calliphlox bryantae*

*Archilochus colubris*

Volcano Hummingbird (E)  
 Scintillant Hummingbird (E)  
 Garden Emerald  
 Violet-headed Hummingbird  
 Scaly-breasted Hummingbird  
 Violet Sabrewing  
 Bronze-tailed Plumeleteer  
 Crowned Woodnymph  
 Stripe-tailed Hummingbird  
 White-tailed Emerald (E)  
 Coppery-headed Emerald (E)  
 Blue-chested Hummingbird  
 Charming Hummingbird (E)  
 Mangrove Hummingbird (E)  
 Steely-vented Hummingbird (Blue-vented)  
 Rufous-tailed Hummingbird  
 Cinnamon Hummingbird  
 Blue-throated Goldentail (sapphire)

#### TROGONS: TROGONIDAE

Resplendent Quetzal  
 Lattice-tailed Trogon (E)  
 Slaty-tailed Trogon  
 Black-headed Trogon  
 Baird's Trogon (E)  
 Gartered Trogon  
 Black-throated Trogon  
 Collared Trogon

#### MOTMOTS: MOMOTIDAE

Lesson's Motmot  
 Rufous Motmot  
 Broad-billed Motmot  
 Keel-billed Motmot  
 Turquoise-browed Motmot

#### KINGFISHERS: ALCEDINIDAE

Ringed Kingfisher  
 Amazon Kingfisher  
 Green Kingfisher  
 American Pygmy Kingfisher

#### PUFFBIRDS: BUCCONIDAE

Pied Puffbird

*Selasphorus flammula*  
*Selasphorus scintilla*  
*Chlorostilbon assimilis*  
*Klais guimeti*  
*Phaeochroa cuvierii*  
*Campylopterus hemileucurus*  
*Chalybura urochrysa*  
*Thalurania colombica*  
*Eupherusa eximia*  
*Elvira chionura*  
*Elvira cupreiceps*  
*Amazilia amabilis*  
*Amazilia decora*  
*Amazilia boucardi*  
*Amazilia saucerrottei*  
*Amazilia tzacatl*  
*Amazilia rutila*  
*Hylocharis eliciae*

*Pharomachrus mocinno*  
*Trogon clathratus*  
*Trogon massena*  
*Trogon melanocephalus*  
*Trogon bairdii*  
*Trogon caligatus*  
*Trogon rufus*  
*Trogon collaris*

*Momotus lessonii*  
*Baryphthengus martii*  
*Electron platyrhynchum*  
*Electron carinatum*  
*Eumomota superciliosa*

*Megasceryle torquata*  
*Chloroceryle amazona*  
*Chloroceryle americana*  
*Chloroceryle aenea*

*Notharchus tectus*

White-whiskered Puffbird

White-fronted Nunbird

JACAMARS: GALBULIDAE

GO Rufous-tailed Jacamar

NEW WORLD BARBETS: CAPITONIDAE

Red-headed Barbet

TOUCANS-BARBETS: SEMNORNITHIDAE

Prong-billed Barbet (E)

TOUCANS: RAMPHASTIDAE

Northern Emerald-Toucanet

Collared Aracari

Fiery-billed Aracari (E)

Yellow-eared Toucanet (E)

Yellow-throated Toucan

Keel-billed Toucan

WOODPECKERS: PICIDAE

Olivaceous Piculet

Acorn Woodpecker

Golden-naped Woodpecker (E)

Black-cheeked Woodpecker

Red-crowned Woodpecker

Hoffmann's Woodpecker (E)

Red-rumped Woodpecker

Smoky-brown Woodpecker

Hairy Woodpecker

Rufous-winged Woodpecker (E)

Cinnamon Woodpecker

Chestnut-colored Woodpecker

Lineated Woodpecker

Pale-billed Woodpecker

FALCONS AND CARACARAS: FALCONIDAE

Crested Caracara

Yellow-headed Caracara

Laughing Falcon

American Kestrel

Bat Falcon

Peregrine Falcon

NEW WORLD & AFRICAN PARROTS: PSITTACIDAE

Barred Parakeet

Orange-chinned Parakeet

*Malacoptila panamensis**Monasa morphoeus**Galbula ruficauda**Eubucco bourcierii**Semnornis frantzii**Aulacorhynchus prasinus**Pteroglossus torquatus torquatus**Pteroglossus frantzii**Selenidera spectabilis**Ramphastos ambiguus swainsonii**Ramphastos sulfuratus**Picumnus olivaceus**Melanerpes formicivorus**Melanerpes chrysauchen**Melanerpes pucherani**Melanerpes rubricapillus**Melanerpes hoffmannii**Veniliornis kirkii**Picoides fumigatus**Picoides villosus**Piculus simplex**Celeus loricatus**Celeus castaneus**Dryocopus lineatus**Campephilus guatemalensis**Caracara cheriway**Milvago chimachima**Herpetotheres cachinnans**Falco sparverius**Falco rufigularis**Falco peregrinus**Bolborhynchus lineola**Brotogeris jugularis*

Brown-hooded Parrot

White-crowned Parrot

Red-lored Parrot

Yellow-naped Parrot

Blue-headed Parrot

White-fronted Parrot

Mealy Parrot

Sulphur-winged Parakeet (E)

Olive-throated Parakeet

Brown-throated Parakeet

Orange-fronted Parakeet

GO Great Green Macaw

Scarlet Macaw

Crimson-fronted Parakeet (E)

TYPICAL ANTIBIRDS: THAMNOPHILIDAE

Barred Antshrike

Black-crowned (Western Slaty-) Antshrike

Black-hooded Antshrike (E)

Streak-crowned Antwren (E)

Dot-winged Antwren

Bare-crowned Antbird

Chestnut-backed Antbird

H Spotted Antbird

TAPACULOS: RHINOCRYPTIDAE

Silvery-fronted Tapaculo (E)

ANTTHRUSHES: FORMICARIIDAE

Black-faced Antthrush

OVENBIRDS AND WOODCREEPERS: FURNARIIDAE

Olivaceous Woodcreeper

Ruddy Woodcreeper

Wedge-billed Woodcreeper

Northern Barred-Woodcreeper

Cocoa Woodcreeper

Black-striped Woodcreeper

Spotted Woodcreeper

Streak-headed Woodcreeper

Spot-crowned Woodcreeper

Plain Xenops

Striped Woodhaunter

Spotted Barbtail

*Pyrilia haematotis**Pionus senilis**Amazona autumnalis**Amazona auropalliata**Pionus menstruus**Amazona albifrons**Amazona farinosa**Pyrrhura hoffmanni**Eupsittula nana**Aratinga pertinax**Eupsittula canicularis**Ara ambiguus**Ara macao**Psittacara finschi**Thamnophilus doliatus**Thamnophilus atrinucha**Thamnophilus bridgesi**Dysithamnus striaticeps**Microrhophias quixensis**Gymnocichla nudiceps**Myrmeciza exsul**Hylophylax naevioides**Scytalopus argentifrons**Formicarius analis**Sittasomus griseicapillus**Dendrocincla homochroa**Glyphorhynchus spirurus**Dendrocolaptes sanctithomae**Xiphorhynchus susurrans**Xiphorhynchus lachrymosus**Xiphorhynchus erythropygius**Lepidocolaptes souleyetii**Lepidocolaptes affinis**Xenops minutus**Hyloctistes subulatus**Premnoplex brunnescens*

Ruddy Treerunner (E)

Red-faced Spinetail

Chiriqui Foliage-Gleaner

TYRANT FLYCATCHERS: TYRANNIDAE

Yellow Tyrannulet

Greenish Elaenia

Yellow-bellied Elaenia

Lesser Elaenia

Mountain Elaenia

Torrent Tyrannulet

Olive-striped Flycatcher

Ochre-bellied Flycatcher

Rough-legged Tyrannulet

Paltry Tyrannulet

Northern Scrub-Flycatcher

Common Tody-Flycatcher

Eye-ringed Flatbill

Yellow-olive Flycatcher

Royal Flycatcher

Ruddy-tailed Flycatcher

Tawny-chested Flycatcher

Tufted Flycatcher

Dark Pewee (E)

Ochraceous Pewee (E)

Western Wood-Pewee

Tropical Pewee

Yellow-bellied Flycatcher

Yellowish Flycatcher

Black-capped Flycatcher

Black Phoebe

Long-tailed Tyrant

Bright-rumped Attila

Dusky-capped Flycatcher

Panama Flycatcher

Great Crested Flycatcher

Great Kiskadee

Boat-billed Flycatcher

Social Flycatcher

Gray-capped Flycatcher

White-ringed Flycatcher

*Margarornis rubiginosus*

*Cranioleuca erythrops*

*Automolus exsertus*

*Capsiempis flaveola*

*Myiopagis viridicata*

*Elaenia flavogaster*

*Elaenia chiriquensis*

*Elaenia frantzii*

*Serpophaga cinerea*

*Mionectes olivaceus*

*Mionectes oleagineus*

*Phyllomyias burmeisteri zeledoni*

*Zimmerius vilissimus parvus*

*Sublegatus arenarum*

*Todirostrum cinereum*

*Rhynchocyclus brevirostris*

*Tolmomyias sulphureus cinereiceps*

*Onychorhynchus coronatus*

*Terenotriccus erythrurus*

*Aphanotriccus capitalis*

*Mitrephanes phaeocercus*

*Contopus lugubris*

*Contopus ochraceus*

*Contopus sordidulus*

*Contopus cinereus*

*Empidonax flaviventris*

*Empidonax flavescens*

*Empidonax atriceps*

*Sayornis nigricans*

*Colonia colonus*

*Attila spadiceus*

*Myiarchus tuberculifer*

*Myiarchus panamensis*

*Myiarchus crinitus*

*Pitangus sulphuratus*

*Megarynchus pitangua*

*Myiozetetes similis*

*Myiozetetes granadensis*

*Conopias albivittatus*

Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>
Sulphur-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes luteiventris</i>
Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucophaeus</i>
Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>
Eastern Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus tyrannus</i>
GO Scissor-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus forficatus</i>
Fork-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus savana</i>
<b><u>COTINGAS: COTINGIDAE</u></b>	
Yellow-billed Cotinga	<i>Carpodectes antoniae</i>
Turquoise Cotinga (E)	<i>Cotinga ridgwayi</i>
Rufous Piha	<i>Lipaugus unirufus</i>
Three-wattled Bellbird (E)	<i>Procnias tricarunculatus</i>
<b><u>MANAKINS: PIPRIDAE</u></b>	
Long-tailed Manakin	<i>Chiroxiphia linearis</i>
White-ruffed Manakin	<i>Corapipo altera</i>
White-collared Manakin	<i>Manacus candei</i>
Orange-collared Manakin (E)	<i>Manacus aurantiacus</i>
Red-capped Manakin	<i>Ceratopipra mentalis</i>
<b><u>TITYRAS AND ALLIES: TITYRIDAE</u></b>	
Black-crowned Tityra	<i>Tityra inquisitor</i>
Masked Tityra	<i>Tityra semifasciata</i>
Cinnamon Becard	<i>Pachyramphus cinnamomeus</i>
White-winged Becard	<i>Pachyramphus polychopterus</i>
Rose-throated Becard	<i>Pachyramphus aglaiae</i>
<b><u>VIREOS, SHRIKE-BABLERS &amp; ERPORNIS: VIREONIDAE</u></b>	
Yellow-throated Vireo	<i>Vireo flavifrons</i>
Yellow-winged Vireo (E)	<i>Vireo carmioli</i>
Yellow-green Vireo	<i>Vireo flavoviridis</i>
Scrub Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus flavipes</i>
Tawny-crowned Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus ochraceiceps</i>
Lesser Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus decurtatus</i>
Rufous-browed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>
<b><u>CROWS, JAYS, AND MAGPIES: CORVIDAE</u></b>	
White-throated Magpie-Jay	<i>Calocitta formosa</i>
Brown Jay	<i>Psilorhinus morio</i>
<b><u>SWALLOWS: HIRUNDINIDAE</u></b>	
Blue-and-white Swallow	<i>Pygochelidon cyanoleuca</i>
Northern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx serripennis</i>
Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>
Gray-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>

Mangrove Swallow

Barn Swallow

WRENS: TROGLODYTIDAE

H Nightingale Wren

House Wren

Ochraceous Wren (E)

Timberline Wren (E)

Rufous-naped Wren

Spot-breasted Wren

Rufous-breasted Wren

Black-throated Wren (E)

Rufous-and-white Wren

Stripe-breasted Wren (E)

Cabanis's Wren

Canebrake Wren

Isthmian Wren

Riverside Wren (E)

Bay Wren

White-breasted Wood-Wren

Gray-breasted Wood-Wren

GNATCATCHERS: POLIOPTILIDAE

Tropical Gnatcatcher

THRUSHES AND ALLIES: TURDIDAE

Black-faced Solitaire (E)

Black-billed Nightingale-Thrush (E)

Orange-billed Nightingale-Thrush

Slaty-backed Nightingale-Thrush

Ruddy-capped Nightingale-Thrush

Black-headed Nightingale-Thrush

Swainson's Thrush

Wood Thrush

Sooty Thrush (Robin) E

Mountain Thrush (Robin)

Clay-colored Thrush (Robin)

White-throated Thrush (Robin)

SILKY-FLYCATCHERS: PTILOGONATIDAE

Black-and-yellow Silky-flycatcher (E)

Long-tailed Silky-flycatcher (E)

NEW WORLD WARBLERS: PARULIDAE

GO Louisiana Waterthrush

*Tachycineta albilinea**Hirundo rustica**Microcerculus philomela**Troglodytes aedon**Troglodytes ochraceus**Thryorchilus browni**Campylorhynchus rufinucha**Pheugopedius maculipectus**Pheugopedius rutilus**Pheugopedius atrogularis**Thryophilus rufalbus**Cantorchilus thoracicus**Cantorchilus modestus**Cantorchilus zeledoni**Cantorchilus elutus**Cantorchilus semibadius**Cantorchilus nigricapillus**Henicorhina leucosticta**Henicorhina leucophrys**Polioptila plumbea**Myadestes melanops**Catharus gracilirostris**Catharus aurantiirostris**Catharus fuscater**Catharus frantzii**Catharus mexicanus**Catharus ustulatus**Hylocichla mustelina**Turdus nigrescens**Turdus plebejus**Turdus grayi**Turdus assimilis**Phainoptila melanoxantha**Ptilogonys caudatus**Parkesia motacilla*

Northern Waterthrush  
 Prothonotary Warbler  
 Flame-throated Warbler (E)  
 Tennessee Warbler  
 MacGillivray's Warbler  
 Mourning Warbler  
 Kentucky Warbler  
 American Redstart  
 Tropical Parula  
 Magnolia Warbler  
 Bay-breasted Warbler  
 Blackburnian Warbler  
 Yellow Warbler  
 Yellow (Mangrove) Warbler  
 Chestnut-sided Warbler  
 Black-throated Green Warbler  
 Rufous-capped Warbler  
 Black-cheeked Warbler (E)  
 Golden-crowned Warbler  
 Costa Rican Warbler (E)  
 Buff-rumped Warbler  
 Wilson's Warbler  
 Slate-throated Redstart (Whitestart)  
 Collared Redstart (Whitestart) E

#### THRUSH-TANAGER: RHODINOCICHLIDAE

Rosy-thrush Tanager

#### TANAGERS AND ALLIES: THRAUPIDAE

Gray-headed Tanager  
 White-shouldered Tanager  
 Tawny-crested Tanager  
 White-lined Tanager  
 White-throated Shrike-Tanager (E)  
 Crimson-collared Tanager  
 Scarlet-rumped Tanager  
 Blue-gray Tanager  
 Palm Tanager  
 Golden-hooded Tanager  
 Speckled Tanager  
 Spangle-cheeked Tanager (E)  
 Plain-colored Tanager (E)

*Parkesia noveboracensis*  
*Protonotaria citrea*  
*Oreothlypis gutturalis*  
*Oreothlypis peregrina*  
*Geothlypis tolmiei*  
*Geothlypis philadelphia*  
*Geothlypis formosa*  
*Setophaga ruticilla*  
*Setophaga pitiaiyumi*  
*Setophaga magnolia*  
*Setophaga castanea*  
*Setophaga fusca*  
*Setophaga petechia*  
*Setophaga petechia bryanti*  
*Setophaga pensylvanica*  
*Setophaga virens*  
*Basileuterus rufifrons*  
*Basileuterus melanogenys*  
*Basileuterus culicivorus*  
*Basileuterus melanotis*  
*Myiothlypis fulvicauda*  
*Cardellina pusilla*  
*Myioborus miniatus*  
*Myioborus torquatus*

*Rhodocichla rosea*

*Eucometis penicillata*  
*Tachyphonus luctuosus*  
*Tachyphonus delatrii*  
*Tachyphonus rufus*  
*Lanio leucothorax*  
*Ramphocelus sanguinolentus*  
*Ramphocelus passerinii*  
*Thraupis episcopus*  
*Thraupis palmarum*  
*Tangara larvata*  
*Tangara guttata*  
*Tangara dowii*  
*Tangara inornata*

Bay-headed Tanager	<i>Tangara gyrola</i>
Emerald Tanager	<i>Tangara florida</i>
Silver-throated Tanager	<i>Tangara icterocephala</i>
Shining Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes lucidus</i>
Red-legged Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes cyaneus</i>
Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>
Black-and-yellow Tanager (E)	<i>Chrysothlypis chrysomelas</i>
Slaty Flowerpiercer (E)	<i>Diglossa plumbea</i>
Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>
Thick-billed Seed-Finch	<i>Sporophila funerea</i>
Nicaraguan Seed-Finch (E)	<i>Sporophila nuttingi</i>
Variable Seedeater (Caribbean)	<i>Sporophila corvina corvina</i>
Variable Seedeater (Pacific)	<i>Sporophila corvina hoffmanni</i>
Morelet's Seedeater (white-collared)	<i>Sporophila torqueola</i>
Yellow-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila nigricollis</i>
Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>
Yellow-faced Grassquit	<i>Tiaris olivaceus</i>
Buff-throated Saltator	<i>Saltator maximus</i>
Black-headed Saltator	<i>Saltator atriceps</i>
Grayish Saltator	<i>Saltator coerulescens</i>
Streaked Saltator	<i>Saltator striatipectus</i>

#### NEW WORLD BUNTINGS AND SPARROWS: PASSERELLIDAE

Sooty-capped Chlorospingus (E)	<i>Chlorospingus pileatus</i>
Common Chlorospingus	<i>Chlorospingus flavopectus</i>
Stripe-headed Sparrow	<i>Peucaea ruficauda</i>
Black-striped Sparrow	<i>Arremonops conirostris</i>
Orange-billed Sparrow	<i>Arremon aurantirostris</i>
Chestnut-capped Brushfinch	<i>Arremon brunneinucha</i>
Sooty-faced Finch (E)	<i>Arremon crassirostris</i>
Volcano Junco (E)	<i>Junco vulcani</i>
Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>
Large-footed Finch (E)	<i>Pezopetes capitalis</i>
White-eared Ground-Sparrow	<i>Melospiza leucotis</i>
Yellow-thighed Finch (E)	<i>Pselliophorus tibialis</i>
White-naped Brushfinch	<i>Atlapetes albinucha</i>

#### WRENTHRUSH: ZELEDONIIDAE

Wrenthrush (Zeledonia) E	<i>Zeledonia coronata</i>
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#### CARDINALS AND ALLIES: CARDINALIDAE

Summer Tanager	<i>Piranga rubra</i>
Flame-colored Tanager	<i>Piranga bidentata</i>

White-winged Tanager

*Piranga leucoptera*

Black-cheeked Ant-Tanager

*Habia atrimaxillaris*

Carmioli's (Olive) Tanager

*Chlorothraupis carmioli*

Black-faced Grosbeak

*Caryothraustes poliogaster*

Black-thighed Grosbeak (E)

*Pheucticus tibialis*

Rose-breasted Grosbeak

*Pheucticus ludovicianus*

Blue-black Grosbeak

*Cyanocompsa cyanooides*

Blue Grosbeak

*Passerina caerulea***TROUPIALS AND ALLIES: ICTERIDAE**

Red-winged Blackbird

*Agelaius phoeniceus*

Eastern Meadowlark

*Sturnella magna*

Red-breasted Blackbird

*Sturnella militaris*

Melodious Blackbird

*Dives dives*

Great-tailed Grackle

*Quiscalus mexicanus*

Shiny Cowbird

*Molothrus bonariensis*

Bronzed Cowbird

*Molothrus aeneus*

Nicaraguan Grackle

*Quiscalus nicaraguensis*

Black-cowled Oriole

*Icterus prothemelas*

Streak-backed Oriole

*Icterus pustulatus*

Spot-breasted Oriole

*Icterus pectoralis*

Baltimore Oriole

*Icterus galbula*

Yellow-billed Cacique

*Amblycercus holosericeus*

Scarlet-rumped Cacique

*Cacicus uropygialis*

Chestnut-headed Oropendola

*Psarocolius wagleri*

Montezuma Oropendola

*Psarocolius montezuma***FINCHES, EUPHONIAS & ALLIES: FRINGILLIDAE**

Yellow-crowned Euphonia (E)

*Euphonia luteicapilla*

Thick-billed Euphonia

*Euphonia lanirostris*

Yellow-throated Euphonia

*Euphonia hirundinacea*

Elegant Euphonia

*Euphonia elegantissima*

Spot-crowned Euphonia (E)

*Euphonia imitans*

Olive-backed Euphonia

*Euphonia gouldi*

Tawny-capped Euphonia (E)

*Euphonia anneae*

Golden-browed Chlorophonia (E)

*Chlorophonia callophrys*

Yellow-bellied Siskin

*Spinus xanthogastrus***OLD WORLD SPARROWS: PASSERIDAE**

House Sparrow

*Passer domesticus*